THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

VOL. 46. FRIDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 10, 1830. NO. 24.

PUBLISHED BY
NEVILLE B. CRAIG,
NEAR THE S. W. CORNER OF THE DIAMOND.

TERMS.

The Gazette is published semi-weekly, (on Tuesday and Friday,) at Four dollars per annum, payable half yearly in advance.

The Gazette is also published weekly, (on Friday,) at Two dollars per annum in advance,—or THREE dollars at the end of the year.

REFINED SUGAR AND MOLASSES.

THE Subscribers are Agents for Goodale's Sugar Refinery in this city, and have constantly on hand and for sale a supply of all the various qualities of *single and double loaf and lump Sugar* manufactured by him, together with a constant supply of *single and double Refined Sugar* manufactured by Lex, Canby & Lex, of Philadelphia, by steam process, without the use of blood—all neatly packed in good barrels for transportation. Also, a supply of first quality of *Sugar House Molasses*, from Goodale's Refinery.

WHITALL, JAUDON & Co.

New Orleans, Oct. 1, 1830.

☞ W. J. & Co. attend to receiving Western Produce on consignment, for sale or for shipment to the eastern cities; also of goods from the eastern cities, to be forwarded to the different points on the Western rivers. October 12.—4mo.

WANTED,

GREENSBURGH BANK PAPER—at 35 per cent. discount.

GEORGE A. COOK,
Lottery and Exchange Broker, No. 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh. Nov. 12, 1830.—tf.

Valuable Property for Sale.

THE Bank of Pittsburgh offers for sale the following valuable property in this city viz:—

A piece of ground, containing in Front on Water street, between Market and Wood streets, about sixty-five feet, and extending back towards Front street about one hundred and five feet; on which are erected one two story brick house, one three story brick store and office, a two story frame dwelling house and back buildings, a frame building formerly occupied as a gunsmith shop, and four other buildings, now occupied by James Crossan and Barnet & Short.

Also, All that piece of ground, situated on Market street, between Front and Second streets, formerly owned by Abner Barker, containing in Front on Market street thirty feet, and extending back; on which are erected one two story brick dwelling house, with other back buildings.

Also, All that piece of ground, situated on Third street, between Market and Wood streets, formerly occupied as the Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank, containing in Front on Third street twenty feet, and extending back towards Fourth street eighty-five feet; on which is erected a two story brick building.

Also, Adjoining the above, one other lot, containing twenty feet in front, and extending back eighty-five feet; on which is erected one frame building. Between the two last mentioned buildings an alley will be left for the common use of both.

Also, All that piece of ground situated on the north side of Diamond Alley, between Wood and Smithfield Streets, containing in front on Diamond Alley fifteen feet, and extending back half way to Fifth Street, on which is erected a two story brick dwelling house, with back buildings, now occupied by Copernicus Walters.

Also, That piece of ground, situated on Third street, between Wood street and Hay Scale Alley, containing in front upon Third street about twenty feet, and extending back along said alley about eighty-five feet; on which are erected one two story brick dwelling and back buildings.

Also, The undivided half part of that piece of ground, situated on Wood street, between Front and Water streets, containing in front on Wood street about twenty feet, and extending back sixty feet; on which is erected a three story brick dwelling house with back buildings, subject to a ground rent of twenty-two dollars and fifty cents per annum.

Also, The undivided half part of that piece of ground, situated on Wood street, between Front and Second streets, containing in front on Wood street about forty-eight feet, and extending back part sixty and part ninety feet; on which are erected two three story brick dwelling houses and back buildings, now occupied by Charles L. Volz and Willard Leonard.

Also, All that piece of ground, situated on the north side of the Diamond, containing in front on the Diamond about thirty-seven feet, and extending back to Jail alley; on which are erected two two story brick dwelling houses and back buildings, now occupied by Ephraim Pentland, Esq. and Mrs. Gormly.

Also, All that tract of Land, situated on Turtle Creek, commonly called "Dirty Camp."

For terms apply to the CASHIER.

January 22, 1830.—tf

J. C. BUCKLES,
Commission Merchant,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

IS prepared to Receive, Sell, and Forward every description of GOODS.

December 21, 1827—tf.

SHEARS.

THE subscribers are manufacturing revolving and vibrating SHEAR BLADES, of a superior quality. They will be stamped "F. A. Bemis & Co." and warranted to the purchaser.—A sample can be seen at Messrs. L. & P. Peterson's, on the corner of Market and Front streets, and a constant supply will be kept on hand at the manufactory, No. 24 Water street.

ALSO, will be made to order, SHEARING MACHINES of improved construction: price from $50 to $125. Having in operation machinery expressly for grinding, Shears will be ground with the greatest accuracy, at a short notice.

Nov. 17—tf. F. A. BEMIS & Co.

We the subscribers have purchased and made use of Shears made by F. A. Bemis & Co., Pittsburgh, and consider them superior to any in use in this section of the country.

JOHN M'DOWELL,
DANIEL HICKMAN.

Bridgeville, September 15, 1830.

The undersigned have purchased and made use of broad and narrow Shearing Machines, made by F. A. Bemis & Co., and can recommend them to the public, as superior to any we have before used or seen in operation. R. & J. HALL.

Sept. 23. *Manufacturers, near Pittsburgh.*

We the undersigned have in operation a Shearing Machine, and also a set of Blades, made by F. A. Bemis & Co., and feel confident in recommending them to the public, as articles superior in their kind to any we have used or seen in this country. A. & J. MURPHY.

Pinedale Woollen Manufactory, Sept. 29, 1830.

Receiving & Forwarding House,

NEW ORLEANS.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that he has established himself in NEW ORLEANS, for the purpose of attending exclusively to the Receiving and Forwarding of Merchandise; and feels confident, from his experience in business, and determination of adopting well regulated and moderate charges, of giving satisfaction to those who may entrust their business to his care. WM. BUCHANAN.

Refer to Messrs. Allen & Grant, Riddle, Forsyth & Co., or M'Kee, Clarke & Co. Pittsburgh.

October 26, 1830—tf.

Storage, Forwarding, and Commission

WAREHOUSE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS respectfully inform Merchants, Iron-masters, Salt Manufacturers, and the public in general, that they have commenced the above business, in the new and extensive brick house two doors below the bridge, where they will Receive and Forward GOODS, IRON, SALT, &c. destined for the West by the Pennsylvania Canal, and for the East, by the Northern Turnpike. By strict attention to business, they hope to merit and receive a share of public favors. Charges for Forwarding and Commission will be moderate.

JAMES SPEER,
MARK GRAHAM.

Blairsville, Oct. 27—tf.

DOMESTIC CLOTH HALL,
No. 72 Wood Street, Pittsburgh.

HAMILTON STEWART,
MANUFACTURER OF
Linen and Cotton Goods,

WHICH he offers for sale at eastern manufacturers' prices, without any addition of carriage, at 3, 4, or 6 months acceptances.

N. B.—Five per cent. discount on all orders exceeding $100. March 19—tf.

FANCY LAMPS,

PLATED CASTERS, &c.

BAKEWELL, PAGE & BAKEWELLS, have just received, direct from the manufactories, and offer for sale, an elegant collection of *Bronze* and *Or Moulu, Astral* and *Mantel Lamps*, from ten to thirty dollars per pair; PLATED CASTERS, with cut and moulded bottles, silver edges and handles, from two to ten dollars per set; together with their usual extensive assortment of

PLAIN, PRESST, and CUT GLASS WARE,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION;

Cut and Moulded Smelling and Toilet Bottles; Cut, Prest & Plain Bureau Knobs, &c. &c. &c. &c.

Pittsburgh, December 25, 1829—tf.

M. B. MILTENBERGER,
Commission Merchant,

No. 12, corner of Market & Front st'rts.

April 20—tf. Pittsburgh.

350 BBLS. SUP. FLOUR, "Pickan's Brand," for sale by

JAMES ADAMS, Jr. & Co.

May 18, 1830.—tf.

WANTED,

ONE thousand five hundred and one thousand dollars, on mortgage, well secured on Real Estate in this city. Inquire of

N. HOLMES.

Sept. 17.—tf No. 33 Market-street.

DOCTOR SELLERS.

OFFICE removed to Fourth street, No. 64, between Wood and Market streets, and nearly opposite the New Branch Bank.

April 5, 1830.—tf

NOW OPENING,

A LARGE and extensive ASSORTMENT of MACHINE CARDS, from the manufactory of J. & J. A. Smith & Co. Leicester, Mass. which with their former stock will be disposed of on the most accommodating terms. Also, a lot on hand, to close consignment, which are offered at very reduced prices.

Orders for cotton cards will be punctually attended to. WM. BELL, Jr. & Co.

Feb. 17, 1829.—wtf. No. 51 Wood Street.

DOCTOR M'DOWELL'S

OFFICE and Residence, No. 4 Patterson's Row, St. Clair street. Sept. 24.

GABRIEL ADAMS,

WHOLESALE and RETAIL GROCER, Front, between Market and Wood streets, has received from the eastward, and by recent arrivals from New Orleans, a large and general assortment of GROCERIES AND LIQUORS, which are offered for sale at the lowest market rates for cash or approved acceptances.

☞ *Whiskey, Flour, Searched Salts, Rags, &c* will be taken in barter at market prices.

April 21, 1829—tf.

PAPER HANGINGS.

THE subscribers having enlarged their *Paper Staining Establishment*, and procured some of the best workmen from the eastward, now offer for sale, wholesale and retail, *at the Philadelphia prices*, a choice assortment of

COMMON, GLAZED AND RAINBOW

PAPERS,

Of the latest patterns, and equal to any heretofore sold in this market; a constant supply of which, in all their varieties, with suitable borders, will be kept on hand.

Also on hand, a large assortment of FRENCH WALL PAPERS and

Velvet Bordering.

H. HOLDSHIP & SON,
Corner of Wood & Third Streets.

October 10—tf.

The Pittsburgh and Coal Hill Turnpike Road.

PUBLIC notice is hereby given, that books will be opened at the Bookstore of H. Holdship & Son, in the city of Pittsburgh, on Monday the 24th day of March next, to receive subscriptions for the Stock in a company to be entitled "*The President, Managers and Company of the Pittsburgh and Coal Hill Turnpike Road;*" intended for the purpose of making an artificial Road from the city of Pittsburgh, to a point at or near the house of Wm. Farrow, in Pitt township, at which time and place one or more of the under signed will attend.

WM. WILKINS,
HENRY HOLDSHIP,
WM. B. FOSTER,
PETER MOWRY,
WM. PORTER,
WM. ARTHURS,
JAMES BROWN,
Commis'ners.

Feb. 22, 1828—tf.

CHEAP WRAPPING PAPERS

AND BONNET BOARDS.

JOHN I. KAY & Co., Booksellers, 95 Market street, have constantly for sale, a large assortment of Wrapping Paper, Band Box Boards, Bonnet Boards, and Binder's Boards, of eastern manufacture, which they offer very low.

N. B. The highest price given for RAGS.

August 10.—tf.

FIGURED MANDARIN LAWN, (a beautiful article for summer dresses,) Brown Grass Cloth, for Bonnets, and a good assortment of Fancy Gauze Scarfs and Handkerchiefs, just received and for sale by S. P. CHURCH & Co. No. 45 Market, between Third and Fourth streets.

☞ S. P. C. & Co. have also received, from the eastern cities, a fresh supply of seasonable

DRY GOODS,

which will be offered at a small advance for cash, wholesale or retail. May 28—tf.

CURE FOR WORMS.

B. A. FAHNESTOCK'S VERMIFUGE *prepared at the subscriber's Wholesale and Retail Drug Warehouse, corner of Sixth and Wood streets, Pittsburgh, Penn'a.*

This preparation is confidently recommended to the public, as an effectual medicine for expelling Worms from the system. It has already been extensively used in this county, and the proprietor has ascertained from particular inquiry, that it has not failed to produce the most salutary effect, in every instance in which it was administered—and in many cases, after every other remedy had failed. It is mild in its operation, and may be administered with perfect safety to the most delicate infant.

The following testimony of its effects is offered to the public:—

"*Pittsburgh, April 1st*, 1830.

"We the subscribers do certify, that we have used in our families B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge, and recommend it to the public, as the most effectual medicine for expelling worms from the system, that has ever come within our knowledge."

N. W. Presly, Liberty street.
Wm. Douglas, Wood street.
Mrs. Anderson, Fourth street.
Samuel Bright, Plum township, Allegheny co.
John Morrow, Wilkins township, Allegheny co.
Robert Gray, Plum township, Allegheny co.
Joseph Anderson, Wilkins township.
John Stuart, Wilkins township.

I do certify that a child of mine, aged 3 years, had been for some time afflicted with worms, and having tried every remedy without effect, at length used B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge, three tea spoonfuls of which caused it to discharge 138 worms. It has since continued free from any symptoms of worms. JOHN BENSON.

Wilkins township, Allegheny county.

May 5, 1830.

I do certify that a child of mine, aged 5 years, by using one bottle of B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge, discharged several worms, some of which were 12 inches long.

WM. M'CARTNEY. *Bayardstown.*

May 17, 1830.

I do certify that I have used B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge in my family, after using various other worm medicines without effect. Three of my children, after using the Vermifuge, discharged upwards of 300 worms.

MOSES HAMILTON.

May 31, 1830. *Columbiana county, Ohio.*

☞ For sale at the Drug Store, corner of Sixth and Wood streets, Pittsburgh.

B. A. FAHNESTOCK.

June 4, 1830.—1y.

SHOVELS, TONGS, and POKERS; also, Shovels and Pokers, in setts—a general assortment, of very superior quality; just received at the corner of Fifth and Wood streets.

SAMUEL FAHNESTOCK.

Sept. 21.—tf.

CITY AUCTION ROOM,
NO. 41 WOOD STREET,

Opposite the Pittsburgh Hotel.

P. M'KENNA, *Auctioneer*, respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he is now prepared, at the above establishment, to discharge the duties of his office, and hopes, by strict attention to business, to merit a share of public patronage. ☞ Regular days of Public Sales, every MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 10 A. M. and 2, P. M.; and Evening Sales on TUESDAY and FRIDAY of each week.

Pittsburgh, November 5, 1830—tf.

PITTSBURGH AUCTION ROOMS,
Corner of Fourth and Wood Streets.

LYNCH & BUTTERWORTH,
Auction and Commission Merchants.

D. LYNCH having obtained the commission as Auctioneer for the city of Pittsburgh, and having associated himself with J. Butterworth, they will transact the Auction and Commission business, under the firm of LYNCH & BUTTERWORTH. They have made extensive arrangements eastward, and are prepared to supply merchants in general with

DRY GOODS,
Hardware, Groceries,
BOOKS,

And PITTSBURGH MANUF'D ARTICLES, upon the very lowest terms, at Private as well as Public Sale, for Cash.

N. B.—Public Sales of Dry Goods, Groceries, and Furniture, every Tuesday and Friday, at 10 o'clock, A. M. and of Hardware, Fancy Cutlery and Jewellery, on Monday and Thursday evenings, at 7 o'clock, P. M.

☞ *Liberal advances made on Consignments.*

Pittsburgh, April 5—tf.

PAPER WAREHOUSE,

No. 83 MARKET STREET.

THE subscribers keep constantly on hand a fine and well regulated assortment of PAPER, manufactured at the mill of Hurst & Brown.

Imperial, Superroyal, } PRINTING,
Medium, Royal, Demy, }
Cap, Post, Folio Post, WRITING,
Crown, Medium, Imperial, WRAPPING,
Blue and White TEA PAPER,
Bonnet and Fullers' BOARDS,

Which will be sold on as accommodating terms as can be purchased in this city.

JAMES BROWN & SON.

☞ The highest price given for RAGS, in Cash, Groceries, or Dry Goods. April 16—tf.

EXCHANGE.

Erie,	*per cent.* 1	Scioto, *per cent.*	3 to 5
Chambersburgh,	1	Michigan,	3 to 5
Canton,	2	Canada,	4 to 5
Pottsville,	2	Urbana,	3 to 5
Wyoming,	2	Greensburgh,	45

American Gold, ½ per cent. premium.

Bank of Steubenville, 25 per cent. discount.

GEO. A. COOK,
Lottery and Exchange Broker, No. 68 Wood street.

June 29, 1830.

Kensington Rolling Mill.

S. & R. LEONARD have associated with them A. M'N. SEMPLE. The business in future will be conducted under the firm of LEONARD, SEMPLE & LEONARD, at the above place, on the Monongahela River, above Suke's Run.

N. B. The agency of W. H. Hays is discontinued.

LEONARD, SEMPLE & LEONARD intend making and constantly keeping on hand the following kinds of IRON, of the neatest and best quality, which they offer on accommodating terms viz.

1d. 2d. 3d. 4d. 5d. 6d. 8d. and 10d. Hoop,
Round and Square, from 1-4 in. to 3, in.
Nail, Chain, Deck and Spike Rods,
Tire and Flat Iron,—all sizes.

Pittsburgh, May 21, 1829—tf.

TO MANUFACTURERS, &c.

THE subscribers respectfully inform their friends, and the public generally, that they have their Machine Shop in complete operation; and having experienced workmen, they are prepared to build

WOOLLEN AND COTTON MACHINERY,

of every description, and of the most approved kind. They will build Woollen or Cotton Machinery to any pattern, to suit purchasers, and will warrant it to be equal in workmanship, and to perform as well as any that can be brought over the mountains, (New Jersey not excepted;) and they will furnish it at the eastern prices, which will be a saving to the purchaser who buys here, of the carriage, together with the necessary expenses attending transportation.

With a view to encourage our home manufactures, and to be encouraged, the terms of payment will be made accommodating—Shearing Machines, Shear Blades, Turning Lathes, Fire Engines, Screw Plates and Taps, Governors for Engines, and Turning of every description, will be done to order at a short notice.

F. A. BEMIS & Co.

No. 24, Water Street, Pittsburgh.

Feb. 5, 1830—tf.

LEADEN PIPE.

I HAVE commenced the manufacture of LEADEN PIPE, and will furnish and lay the same, at the most reasonable rate. Any quantity required, warranted to be of the best quality, will be furnished at the shortest notice. JOHN SHERIFF.

Nov. 28, 1828.—tf.

LANDS FOR SALE.

THE FOLLOWING VALUABLE LANDS, late the property of John Way, Esq. deceased, are now offered *FOR SALE*, by the Executors, viz:

No. 25, Leet's District, of 200 acres, situated on the Ohio river, 20 miles from Pittsburgh. The road from Pittsburgh to Beaver passes through the improved part of this land which abounds in coal and limestone.

No. 26, same district, adjoining large portion of No. 25, containing 200 acres of first rate land, a river also passes through this tract. These two tracts are first rate land, and from their situation on the road and river, must in a few years become valuable.

No. 240, Elder's district, 200 acres, situate in Armstrong county, on Buffalo Creek, about 5 miles from Kittanning, and 35 miles from Pittsburgh. On this tract, there is a salt well 300 feet deep, with other preparations for the manufacture of salt, and a good prospect of an abundant supply of salt water, and an inexhaustible bank of coal.

☞ For farther particulars and terms of sale, apply to ABISHAI WAY, Merchant, Pittsburgh, or to NICHOLAS WAY, on the Beaver road, 13 miles from Pittsburgh.

December 15, 1820.—tf.

Drug and Chemical Warehouse,

CORNER OF SIXTH AND WOOD STREETS,
PITTSBURGH.

THE subscriber has just received a general assortment of Drugs, Chemicals, &c. which, in addition to his former supply, makes his stock very extensive, and embraces almost every article connected with the business. He will always have on hand a general assortment of Chemical Preparations, from the manufactory of *Maunder, Weaver & Maunder, Wolverhampton, England*, which are decidedly superior to the American preparations. They consist, generally, of *Calomel, Tartar Emetic, Antimonial Powder, Blue Pill Mass, Carbonate Ammonia, Oxalic Acid, Calcined Magnesia, Acetic Acid*, (times the strength of distilled vinegar.) The English Calomel is much more active and certain in its effects than the American, and the dose smaller.—*Also*, French Chemicals generally, from the laboratory of *Pelletier, of Paris*, consisting of Tartar Emetic in Crystals, Oxymuriate Potash, Croton Oil, Quinine, Iodine, Hydriodate of Potash, Piperine, Morphium Pure, Sulphate do., Acetate do.—An assortment of Fresh Extracts, viz:—

Ext. Colocynth, comp'd,		Ext. Cicuta,	
" Gentian,		" Stramonium,	
" Elaterium,		" Hyoscyamus,	
" Valerian,		" Belladonna,	
" Taraxacum,		" Rhatany.	

Compound Fluid Extract of Sarsaparilla.—This article has been highly extolled by the eastern physicians, as being superior to every other preparation of Sarsaparilla, and has recently been used by the faculty in this city with remarkable success. Solidified Copaiva.—This is a superior preparation to the Solidified Copaiva generally sold, being formed by a union of the oil with the balsam. A four grain pill is equal to 30 drops of the balsam.

☞ Physicians are requested to examine the above articles, which will be sold at fair prices.

B. A. FAHNESTOCK.

Pittsburgh, November 5—w6t.

☞ *LADIES' BRONZE MOROCCO*

WALKING SHOES.

A LOT of Ladies' Bronze Morocco Walking Shoes, of the best quality; and likewise, Ladies' and Gentlemen's Gum Elastic Over Shoes, just received, and for sale by GEO. ALBREE, No. 73 Market street. Nov. 19—w3t.

☞ *COOKSTOWN COTTON FACTORY* ☜

FOR SALE.

HAVING got so advanced in life, as to wish to decline business, I offer For Sale my COTTON AND WOOLLEN FACTORY.—The Factory is moved by a never failing stream of water, situated in a fine part of our country, near Cookstown, on the Monongahela. The buildings and machinery are all in good order. It is a very desirable situation for an enterprising individual or a small Company, as there are many advantages to be brought into action by a person suitable to carry on the business. The terms of sale will be made very low and easy. For more particular inquiry, reference may be made to my son, J. C. DOWNER, living near the lower locks, Allegheny-town, or to the subscriber at Cookstown.

Nov. 12.—3mow. JOSEPH DOWNER.

TO LET, The three story brick store-room in Hays' Row, Wood street, adjoining John Albree's Shoe store. Apply to WILLIAM HAYS.

October 12.—tf.

FOR SALE.

THAT beautiful Tract of Land called FARM HILL, situated in Fayette township, Allegheny county, between the Noblestown road and Chartier's creek, about eight miles from Pittsburgh, containing THREE HUNDRED ACRES and allowance, about ninety acres of which are cleared.

On this place there is a good two story hewn log DWELLING HOUSE and KITCHEN, an excellent ORCHARD of Apple, Cherry and Peach Trees; a good Spring near the dwelling house, and an abundance of Stone Coal. That portion of the tract which is not cleared is remarkably well timbered.

If desired by a purchaser, possession could be given on the first day of November next.

For further information inquire of the subscriber, who lives near the place, or of Jacob Hanson, Auctioneer, in the City of Pittsburgh.

WILLIAM HERDMAN

June 23, 1829.—tf.

Second Hand Clothing.

A GENERAL assortment of second Hand CLOTHING kept on hand and for sale at moderate prices, by

A. D. LEWIS,

Wood, between Second and Third Streets.

June 5—tf.

ALLEGHENY LOTS.

FOR SALE, a number of LOTS, fronting on the Broad Common in the rear of the town of Allegheny. These Lots afford the most desirable seats for country residences of any now offered for sale. The terms will be extremely favorable. A credit of from one to five years will be given to purchasers. A plan of the Lots is left at the office of Discount and Deposit and at the bank of Pittsburgh, for the inspection of purchasers.

W. Robinson, Jr.

Aug. 25, 1826.—tf. *Allegheny Town*

BRICK FOR SALE.

I HAVE on hand, Three Kilns, containing about 500,000 first rate Brick, which I will dispose of on liberal terms.

ALSO, TO LET.

The house and lot formerly occupied by me, about half a mile east of Birmingham; the lot is well stocked with fruit trees. Inquire of

O. ORMSBY GREGG.

No. 28 Water street,

Or of the subscriber near the Monongahela Bridge, O. ORMSBY.

June 11, 1830.—tf

A. H. HOGE,

No. 130 Liberty Street, (M'Donald's Square.)

HAS just received a supply of Brass Fenders; Britannia Tea Ware, in setts and single pieces; Plated Table and Tea Spoons; Brass and Polished Steel Shovels, Tongs, and Pokers; Plated Casters; a handsome assortment of Tea Trays, &c. which he offers cheap. Nov. 9—2mo.

GEO. COCHRAN,
Late Agent of the Pittsb. Manufact'g Association.
NO. 26 WOOD STREET,

CONTINUES to receive, on consignment, from the Harmony Society and other manufactories, a regular and constant supply of Broadcloths, Cassinets, Flannels, Baizes, Sheetings, Cotton Yarn, &c.; all of which will be disposed of at manufacturers' prices—on better terms, it is confidently believed, than such articles can be purchased in the Atlantic cities. On hand, Plated Bridle Bits and Stirrup Irons, at reduced prices.

November 5, 1830—tf.

LEGISLATIVE PROCEEDINGS.—The editors of the Pennsylvania Intelligencer respectfully inform the public that, having employed competent Reporters, they will publish full reports of the proceedings of the Pennsylvania Legislature during the approaching session. The important subjects that will come before the Legislature, such as providing means to pay the interest of the public debt, and providing means for the completion of the public works, will make a paper of such a character, published at the Capital of the State, interesting to every Pennsylvanian.

The Intelligencer will be published on Mondays and Thursdays, during the session.

TERMS.—For the whole year, three dollars; for the session only, two dollars. Nov. 5, 1830.

LEGISLATIVE PROCEEDINGS.—The Chronicle will contain an accurate and impartial report of the proceedings of the Legislature, at its ensuing session, which will commence at Harrisburgh, on Tuesday, December 7, 1830. A competent Reporter has been engaged for the House of Representatives, and the editor will attend personally in the Senate. No industry shall be wanting to furnish the people of Pennsylvania, through the medium of the Chronicle, with a summary of all that may be *done*, and a sketch of all that may be *said*, by their Representatives, at the approaching session.

In order to do full justice to this department of the Chronicle, a supply of new brevier type has been obtained.

Terms of the Chronicle.—For the Session alone, twice a week, in advance, two dollars; for the whole year, in advance, three dollars.

Post Masters, or others, who will procure six session subscribers, and forward ten dollars, shall receive one copy, gratis. Nov. 9.

NEW QUEENSWARE ESTABLISHMENT AT PITTSBURGH.

H. HIGBY & Co. are now receiving, direct from England, and opening, at No. 124 Wood street, a choice and extensive stock of QUEENSWARE, Lustre, Plain, and Gold Edge CHINA, &c. Comprising altogether a complete and first rate assortment, to which they would respectfully invite the attention of Western Merchants, City Retailers, and all others who are desirous of purchasing ware at low rates, and on fair terms, and having the same put up by careful and experienced packers.

N. B. Plain and Cut Flint Glass, at Manufacturers' prices. Also, Window Glass of every size. Green Bottles, Porter ditto; Flasks, and a general assortment of superior Stone Ware.

August 20.—tJ1

FOR SALE, a convenient Two Story Frame DWELLING HOUSE, in the city of Pittsburgh, situated on First or Front street, between Grant and Ross streets, at present occupied by Mr. Adams.

ALSO, Two convenient Two Story DWELLING HOUSES, in the town of Allegheny, situate between the Bridge and the Aqueduct.

ALSO, FOR LEASE, for a term of years, Six small LOTS, pleasantly situated in a central part of the borough of Allegheny, within one square of Federal street and the Centre Square, on the East side. For particulars, inquire of

JOHN PATTERSON, Carpenter,

October 15—tf *Allegheny-Town.*

MONEY WANTED.

FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS WANTED *On Mortgage.* For further information, apply at this office. December 3—4t.

NEW ENGLISH SOUVENIRS.—*Friendship's Offering*, embellished with 13 splendid engravings. *The Gem*, embellished with 12 engravings. *The Christmas Box*, a Juvenile Annual, containing 8 engravings. Just received and for sale by JOHN I. KAY & Co.

Dec. 3—3t No. 95 Market street.

NEW NOVEL.—*The Betrothed of Wyoming*, an Historical Tale, just received and for sale by JOHN I. KAY & Co.

Dec. 3—2 No. 95 Market street.

VACCINE MATTER.

PHYSICIANS and others, who wish to be supplied with *Genuine Vaccine Matter*, and directions for using the same, may at all times be accommodated, by addressing a letter to me, thro' the medium of the Post Office or otherwise, enclosing a five dollar note of any bank whose notes shall be current here. If the matter sent by me should fail to take effect, as will sometimes unavoidably happen, another portion will be given in its stead, free of charge. J. DIMMITT,

Dec. 3—3* No. 27 Second st. Pittsburgh.

BRIGADE ORDERS.

BRIG. INSPECTOR'S OFFICE, 1st Br. 15th D. P. M. Robinson township, Dec. 1st 1830.

IN compliance with the wishes, and in conformity with the laws for organising separate and distinct companies of volunteers into one battalion, the following volunteer companies, to wit:—"*Guards*," now attached to the 61st regiment, commanded by Captain George—"*Independent Rifle Blues*," commanded by Captain Logan—"*Washington Independent Blues*," commanded by Captain Withrow—"*La Fayette Blues*," commanded by Captain James W. Johnston—will meet at the house of John Johnston, on the Northern turnpike, in Wilkins township, on Monday, the 13th day of December next;—on which day and place they will proceed to organise as a battalion, according to law.

The Field Officers of the 28th regiment will constitute a Board of Exoneration for such fines as may not have been collected, and will accordingly convene at the house of Colonel Lee, St. Clair township, on Monday, the 20th December next.—Col. Alexander Graham, Lt. Col. M'Murtrie, 1st Major McCoy, 2d Major Wightman, members.

The Field Officers of the 61st regiment will assemble, in like manner, at the house of Mr. Chalfant, Turtle creek, on Tuesday, the 21st day of December. Col. Carothers, Lt. Col. Muse, Major Alexander, Major Johnston, members.

The Field Officers of the 87th regiment, consisting of Col. Glenn, Lieut. Col. Ross Wilkins, Majors Jones and Mackey, will convene at the house of James M'Elroy, in the Diamond, on Wednesday, the 22d day of December next, with a view to exonerate the collecting officers from uncollected fines.

The Field Officers of the 106th regiment, viz: Col. L. Dewsnap and Major Thomas Gibson, will convene at the house of Baltzer Good, near Perrysville, on Thursday, the 23d day of December next, for the purpose aforesaid.

The Field Officers of the 144th regiment, Col. Hugh M'Kelvey, Lt Col. J. Speer, Majors Zibeon Packard, at the house of John Duff, in Lawrenceville, on Thursday, the 30th day of December next; then and there to act as aforesaid. Collecting Officers holding warrants are notified and requested to attend for accountability.

An election will be held at the house of Col. Dewsnap, and at the house of James Carson, on the Butler turnpike, on Thursday, the 17th day of December next, for one Lieut. Col. in the 106th regiment, vice Stewart, deceased; and also, on the same day, for one 1st Major, in said regiment, vice Dewsnap, promoted—(at the house of Col. Dewsnap.)

Col. Dewsnap will superintend at the election of Lt. Colonel and Major. Major Thomas Gibson will superintend at Mr. Carson's.

A. W. M'FARLAN,
Insp 1st Brig. 15th Div. P. M.

December 3.—3t

F. V. KRUG,

HARDWARE COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 177½ Market street, Philadelphia,
Agent for the sale of American Manufactured Hardware, &c. &c.

REFER to Dr. P. Shoenberger, Pittsburgh; or to Messrs. Handy, Symington & Bird, S. Koungmacher & Co., Reeves, Buck & Co., or Mr. Richard Paxon, Philadelphia. Nov. 30—6w.

FRUIT TREES,

IN ABOVE 80 SORTS, from the Nurseries of Messrs. Cox & Smith, New Jersey, and Mr. William Prince, Flushing, Long Island, New York, several of which have produced their fruits with different gentlemen in this vicinity, namely, Hon. Henry Baldwin, Hon. Wm. Wilkins, Hon. Wm. Marks, John M'Donald, Esq., Mr. Scott, glazier, Mr. Parsons, cutler, Mr. Thomas Steele, Mr. Thomas Phillips, and several others.

☞ Some hundreds of the above are ready for planting this Fall. Applications left at Mr. Stanton's Exchange Office, Market street, or at this office, will be duly attended to. Nov. 26.

CAST SHEET LEAD,

Not Rolled—A new article in Pittsburgh.

DAVID BAIN, PLUMBER, begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that he has completed an apparatus for casting SHEET LEAD, of four feet wide, and of any length required; a superior article for covering roofs or gutters, making Hatters' Plank Kettles—Salt Pans, &c. &c. Has on hand, and prepared to set up, Water Closets, Force and Hand Pumps, Fixture Wash Stands, Hydrants, laying of Iron and Lead Pipes, covering roofs or gutters with Lead, Copper, or Tin. Orders carefully attended to. Shop opposite BLACKSTOCK, BELL, & Co's Cotton Factory, Allegheny Town.

November 30, 1830.—3mo.

NEW SCHOOL BOOK.

HOGAN & CO., BOOKSELLERS, corner of Front and Market streets, have just published "*Elements of Mythology; or Classical Fables of the Greeks and Romans:* to which are added some notices of Syrian, Hindoo, and Scandinavian superstitions, together with those of the *American Nations;* the whole comparing *Polytheism with true Religion;* for the use of schools."—By the author of "American Popular Lessons."—"Thou shalt have no other gods before me."

November 30—4t

FINN'S COMIC ANNUAL.—Just published and for sale by HOGAN & CO., corner of Front and Market streets, the "*American Comic Annual for* 1831; edited by *Henry J. Finn*, and illustrated by D. C. Johnson."

Also for sale as above, The Gem, Winter's Wreath, Christmas Box, Friendship's Offering, Forget Me Not, Atlantic Souvenir, Token, Pearl, and Youth's Keepsake. Dec. 7, 1830—3

Poetry.

THOU WAST NOT THERE.

BY ROBERT SWEENY.

I stood within a brilliant hall,
Among the young and gay,
And joyous was the festival,
And loud the revelry.
Why was my spirit dark and dull,
Where all seem'd free from care?
Why was my heart so sorrowful?
Thou wast not there.

Another song that simple song
I oft had heard from thee,
And merry voices 'mid the throng
Recall'd thy notes of glee.
I could not listen to that strain,
That mirth I could not share;
The song, the glee, alike were vain—
Thou wast not there.

Around me flitted many a form,
In graceful movement light,
Their cheeks with youth's pure pleasures warm,
Their eyes with rapture bright.
I thought of one as light as they,
As exquisitely fair,
And turn'd in bitterness away—
Thou wast not there.

Can splendor, to the aching heart,
For vanish'd friends atone?
Can pleasure charm us went we part
From those we love alone?
Oh no! the humblest cot on earth
With thee I'd rather share,
Than dwell in courts, if, 'mid their mirth,
Thou wast not there.

THE PHANTOM KINGS.

BY MISS JEWSBURY.

A sound awoke in the spirit-land
Of voices and of wings,
A sound as when the gathered wind
In the old pine forest sings;
Asin air profound
Hovered a sea of sound.

The monarchs of the spirit-land,
The shadows of renown,
With the symbols of their old estate,
Sceptre, and robe, and crown—
Another, and another,
Rose up to meet a brother.

A brother from the living land
Came down to join the dead,
With knighthood and with kingliness
On brow and aspect shed—
And thus with welcome—him
Bespake those shadows dim.

"All hail! and welcome, brother,
From feasting and from strife,
From all the golden canopies
And thorny beds of life!
From flatterer and from foe;
False joy, and real woe!

"Hast thou been called a victor?
Is thy land trophied well?
Come down and with our conquerors
Chuse out a place to dwell;
They ruled from east to west;
They are phantoms now, and rest.

"Look not back to earth, crowned spirit,
But a moment since set free,
We are strange—but thou art one of us,
And now to man would be
As much a thing to dread,
As if long ages dead!

"Come with us:—all thy fathers
Have joined us, one by one,
And all of every age and clime,
Thave the first king here;—
The last, too, shall appear.

"With fathers of their people,—
With slayers of their race,—
With chiefs of slave-girt palaces,—
Come down and chase thy place,
To be one with us for ever!
FOR EVER! and FOR EVER!"

And sound died in the spirit-land
Of voices and of wings,
And awfully, and silently,
Moved back the phantom kings;
To their appointed doom
Of glory or of gloom!

Miscellany.

From the Boston Daily Advertiser, Nov. 27.

ERUPTION OF MOUNT GALOUNGOUN.

In a Foreign Journal, we have met with a circumstantial description of the frightful and destructive eruption of a Volcano in Galoungoun, in the Island of Java, on the 8th of October, 1822. Mount Galoungoun is situated in the southern part of the district of Soumadang, and is part of the chain of mountains which divides that district from Limbangan. At the foot of it is a valley, surrounded by hills, which is watered by two rivers, the Tji-Tandor, and the Tji-Woulan, which are formed by the union of a great number of streams, which take their rise in the mountain.—The country between these two rivers was one of the most fertile, pleasant, and populous parts of the whole province. There is no tradition of any previous eruption in this mountain, but some months before this disaster, some remarkable appearances had been observed in the streams descending from it, such as an unusual agitation of the water, and a sulphurous or bituminous smell and taste.

Between one and two o'clock in the afternoon of October 8, a violent explosion was heard from the side of the valley, and a thick column of black smoke was seen to rise from the foot of the Galoungoun extending some distance up its side, and driven into the air with a terrific force. Soon the mountain was entirely enveloped in a black cloud, which darkened the whole country. The explosions were continually repeated, with increased force which made the whole earth tremble. The mountain then threw out, to a prodigious height, enormous bodies or flaming lava,* mixed with burning sulphur. These burning masses were thrown beyond the river Tji-Tandor, which is more than ten leagues from the mountain. The rivers, obstructed with these enormous masses of burning lava, were transformed into boiling streams, the overflowing of which arrested at every step the wretched fugitives, and doomed them to a painful and cruel death in the midst of rivers of fire, or of boiling water. The above rivers, and the Tji-Losse, and the Tji-Kounir, floated down in great numbers the bodies of men and animals, and the inhabitants of the lower districts saw houses, with tenants still living, floating down these swollen and heated streams, without the possibility of giving them relief. The clouds which enveloped the mountain were illuminated from time to time by the most vivid flashes of lightning, accompanied by a deafening roar of thunder, by which many inhabitants of the forest, beyond the reach of the eruption, were killed. At 3 o'clock the eruption had attained its greatest degree of violence. At that time there fell a shower of cooled lava, mingled with ashes, which destroyed all the plantations within a circuit of twenty-five leagues. Nearer the water a reddish sand obscured the air, and covered the fields. About 4 o'clock the explosions became less violent, and at 5, there reigned a death-like silence; the air gradually cleared up, and the mountain became visible. A more dreadful scene of devastation was never witnessed.—For a distance of six leagues from the water, where a few hours before were flourishing villages and a happy population, not a house, a plantation, a forest, or a living being, was to be seen, but the whole had been buried under a boiling mass, which had now become of a bluish color, but which retained its heat for a long time after. Farther from the seat of the volcano the scene was still more dreadful. There were to be seen the lifeless and half consumed bodies of men, women, and children, who had escaped wounded from the burning flood, or had been intercepted in their flight, and the still living who were seen seeking in vain for an asylum amidst the general destruction. On the 9th, 10th, and 11th, it rained without interruption, and the wretched inhabitants who had fled from their houses, were left without shelter, and were intercepted in their flight by the overflowing of the rivers, and the destruction of all the bridges.

In the evening of the 12th, there was a new eruption, very violent, and accompanied by two violent shocks of an earthquake. This was accompanied by neither fire nor lightning, to interrupt the deep darkness which settled over the terrified inhabitants. On the morning of the 13th, it was observed that the summits of Mount Galoungoun were changed. The tops were broken off, and the side from the border of the valley presented an immense crater, opened in the form of a semicircle, and forming a frightful gulf. New hills were formed, and the courses of several rivers were entirely changed.

The Resident of the province, as soon as he heard of these disasters, repaired to the neighborhood, and took every measure in his power to succor the sufferers. It was found, on a thorough official inquiry, that 114 villages were destroyed, 4011 persons perished, many were severely wounded, many horses, cows and oxen were destroyed, many rice and coffee plantations were destroyed, and others greatly damaged; 41 canals for irrigating rice plantations were destroyed, and 46 were damaged, 775,795 coffee trees were destroyed, and 3,851,742 were either destroyed or damaged.

* We translate this *lava* for want of a more appropriate term, though said not to have been lava, properly so called, and in this respect the eruption was different from most volcanic phenomena, heretofore known.

From the New York Gazette, of Dec. 2.

MURDER AND PIRACY.

Destruction of the brig Vineyard, Capt. Thornbee, of Boston, from New Orleans, for Philadelphia.

Early yesterday afternoon, a report was circulated in the city that four men had been arrested on suspicion of Piracy, and were lodged in Flatbush Jail on Long Island, about five miles from the city. Accordingly, the editors of the Standard and Gazette despatched a messenger to ascertain the facts, who returned last evening and reported the following particulars, which he learned from one of the men in confinement, who states his name to be John Brownrig, of Whitehaven, England, and says that he shipped at New Orleans on the 8th or 9th ult. and sailed from that port for Philadelphia on the same day, in the brig VINEYARD, Capt. THORNBEE, (or Thornton) of Boston—that they arrived off the Capes of Delaware on Tuesday night, November 23d, and expected to get a pilot on the following morning—that on that night, about twelve o'clock, he went aloft to clear the clew-lines of the main-top-sail—that while aloft he heard cries of "oh! oh! oh!" but did not suppose them to proceed from any one in distress. As soon as he descended to the deck, one of the crew, whose name is Charles Gibbs, of Rhode Island, and who *represents* himself to be a son of the Governor of that State, said to him, "Jack, I have taken charge of the ship, and on inquiring where Capt. Thornbee was, was informed that he had been murdered by the steward, who is a mulatto, about 5 feet 10 inches high, of athletic figure, and says his name is Thomas Williams. [A protection was found in his possession, dated at the district of Norfolk and Portsmouth, Va. February 15th, 1830, signed by Moses Myers, Collector, and filled up in the name of Thomas J. Wansley, a mulatto, born in Milford, Del. aged 22. It describes the person of the steward, who is also a prisoner at Flatbush.] Brownrig relates the following particulars:—

The Captain was killed, while on the quarter-deck, by a single blow on the head with a pump brake; WILLIAM ROBERTS (or Robertson) was below, and on hearing a stir on deck, ran to the companion-way, and was struck with the same implement, dragged upon deck, and subsequently thrown overboard, still alive. On his arrival upon deck, as stated above, he was threatened with instant death, if he did not go about his duty, and that he accordingly united with the conspirators, who immediately altered the course of the brig, and steered towards Long-Island. The following morning, they set about making bags, to transfer the specie to, there being in the run of the vessel 10 kegs, each containing $5000, which he understood belonged to Stephen Girard, of Philadelphia. After completing the bags the money was divided among the crew, and placed in the bags—the papers were all overhauled, and, together with some bank bills found on board, were burnt. No other event of importance took place until Sunday night last, at which time the brig made Fire Island Light, situated on the south side of Long-Island, forth or fifty miles from Sandy Hook, when it was determined to set fire to, and scuttle the brig. Accordingly, about twelve o'clock that night, two boats were launched from the deck of the vessel, and the specie placed in them—about $35,000 in the long boat, and the remainder in the jolly boat. The brig was then set fire to in the cabin, and scuttled in one of her sides at the water edge. The crew then took to the boats and made for the shore, the weather being pleasant at that time, with a light easterly wind, and smooth sea. After leaving the brig, they saw her on fire, and have little doubt but she was destroyed.

The following morning, Monday last, the wind commenced blowing very fresh, on account of which they agreed that it was imprudent to attempt to land and determined to keep on their course along the beach, towards the city. In doing so, the jolly boat was swamped on Rockaway bar; Brownrig, supposes her crew were drowned.—There were three in number, whose names are, Henry Atwell (or Hartwell,) Church, a black, and Jim, a native of New Providence, (Bahama islands.) The latter, Brownrig says, was not concerned in the conspiracy, and had agreed with him to give information of the transaction to the first persons they might fall in with, wherever they happened to land. The long boat, in which was Brownrig, the steward, named above, Gibbs, and one other, was run ashore on Barn-Island, which is a sand bar between Coney-Island and Rockaway, separated from Long-Island by a small strait or inlet.—Previous to landing they struck on an outer bar, and were compelled to throw overboard all the money, except four or five thousand dollars, which amount they concealed in the sand on the beach immediately after they came ashore, and then proceeded to a house, the only one on the island, in which they found one man, to whom he, Brownrig, made known the whole transaction. He and Brownrig armed themselves, and remained with the others in the house all night. On the following morning (Tuesday) they proceeded to Long Island, and were conveyed by the inhabitants to Flatbush gaol, where they are now in irons awaiting their examination.

Each of them had several hundred dollars about his person, sewed in belts of flannel and canvass, which appears to have been prepared deliberately for the purpose. Part of the money, amounting to between 500 and 1000 dollars, is in the possession of the authorities of Flatbush; and officers who were sent in search of the bags buried on the Island, returned and stated that the money had been removed—it is supposed, however, that it will be found. The whole statement above was made in such a manner as to leave but little room to doubt its entire truth, and we have since learned that the money, 50,000 dollars, was consigned to the United States' Bank in Philadelphia, and insured in this city by the American and Ocean Companies, each having taken an equal portion of the risk.

The brig was loaded with sugar and molasses, but we do not know the names of the consignees, nor whether they are insured.

The jail at Tuscaloosa, Alabama, was destroyed by fire on the 15th October. It was supposed to have been caused by two negroes, the only persons confined at the time, who escaped in the confusion.

CINCINNATI CELEBRATION.

In honor of Lafayette and the French Revolution, November 25th, 1830.

From the Cincinnati American.

At eight o'clock, the company sat down in the Banquting Room, (of the Bazaar,) to one of the most splendid collations ever presented in the west, prepared under the direction of Messrs. Guibert & Tosso, who have taken this noble building. Morgan Neville, Esquire, presided, assisted by W. Green, Esq. and Cols. Carr and Pendleton—Mr. Allison Owen, officiated as master of ceremonies. After the cloth was removed, and previous to announcing the 8th toast, the President, Mr. Neville, addressed the company, and took a rapid glance at the return of the French army to France from America; the impulse that was given to the French sentiment by La Fayette, Rochambeau, Segur, and others, who had imbibed deeply the feelings of liberal principles, under the auspices of Washington. He touched slightly on the horrible scenes that marked the beginning of the French revolution, when the Jacobin faction under Marat, Danton, and Robespierre got the ascendency. He adverted to the chivalrous and benevolent exertions of young Lafayette, in endeavoring to save the unfortunate family, and to stay the carnage and destruction which were stimulated by those monsters in human shape. He asserted the probability that Lafayette might, from his wonderful influence at the moment, have become the founder of a new dynasty, had he been like ordinary men, and anticipated the Soldier of Corsica. He accompanied him from France "when he retired to avoid the fury of the Jacobins of Paris, to experience the tender mercies of legitimacy, in the damp dungeons of Olmutz." He drew a picture of his interesting retirement to the shades of La Grange, during the acts of the military drama which ended in the establishment of that iron despotism, which, under the singular anomaly of "an imperial republic, was the error and wonder of the age." He dwelt impressively on the moral influence of Lafayette, as mainly contributing to the late revolution in France, and stated the belief that if he had not acted promptly in bringing forward the present King of the French, he would have been declared, by acclamation, the President of a French Republic.

He concluded by saying:—"Lafayette proved that forty years had detracted nothing from his virtue and added nothing to his ambition. He put by the civic crown offered by his countrymen, and persuaded them to accept that from the government, which appears now to be completely established. He has reached an eminence which in future makes him second to no man who has ever lived—The names of Washington and Lafayette will henceforth be connected in still closer association.—They are *similes et pares*. Posterity will probably place them on the [illegible] America claims them both as her children, and when, in days to come, the European poet will be descanting on the virtues of the Patriot of La Grange, he will say he imbibed his first lessons in the school of Washington. Gentlemen, I offer you a name dear to humanity, dear to benevolence, dear to every advocate of rational liberty—THE NAME OF LAFAYETTE.

From the Savannah Georgian of November 18.

"At the last session of the Supreme Court of Hall county, a Cherokee Indian was arraigned for the murder of another Indian, charged to have been committed within that part of the Cherokee nation attached to Hall county. Judge Clayton, before whom the trial took place, for the vindication of our tribunals of justice from the reproach of impatience and precipitancy, permitted the counsel for the prisoner to argue the case before the late convention of Judges at Milledgville, with an understanding that he would be governed by their opinion. The convention was composed of Judges Crawford, Colquit, Holt, Strong, and Lamar. The jurisdiction of the court was excepted to by the counsel for the prisoner, W. H. Underwood, Esq. because the law of Georgia extending jurisdiction over the Cherokee territory was unconstitutional; that the Cherokee nation had been treated with and considered as an independent sovereign state, that the treaties made were the supreme law of the land, &c. The Judges, after citing the case of Johnson and M'Intosh, and Fletcher and Peck, in the Supreme Court of the United States, and a full exposition of the legal rights of the Indians, unanimously declare the constitutionality of the law of 1829, extending the jurisdiction of this state over the Cherokee territory, and overrule the plea to the jurisdiction of the court on the part of the prisoner's counsel. We regret that we have not room for the whole of this able exposition."

The same paper contains an opinion of a Judge Law upon the same subject, in which the same doctrine is acknowledged, and which concludes with the following sentence—"The state of Georgia has a right to govern and control by her laws every human being within her limits."

It is probably a fortunate circumstance for the Cherokees, that this question has thus early been presented and adjudicated. Mr. Wirt can now proceed without further delay, in bringing the great question before the Supreme Court of the U. States. It will there be decided in a manner which will give a quietus to this Georgian arrogance, and Gen. Jackson will find it necessary to enforce the judgment of the court, however hard it may go against his stomach. When this period arrives, the President will probably swear a little oath or two against his Attorney General, Mr. Berrien, who, as we are no doubt correctly informed, is his conscience-keeper upon all matters of law. Mr. Berrian, being a Georgian, must of course sustain the views of his own state upon this question, upon the peril of denunciation, and probably, also, of being cut off from his chances in the next Georgia Land Lottery.—*N. York Spectator.*

We understand that Cut Nails, which used to be exported from the United States to Nova Scotia, are now imported into that province from Britain, free of duty, and sold for less than American Nails can be afforded at there—ours being, probably, subjected to a duty. Cut Nails are here, at about 5½ cents per lb.—*Boston Palladium.*

From the Cincinnati American.

INTERESTING LAW CASE.

State of Ohio vs. John L. Chapman, } Trial for Perjury.

Richard S. Wheatly, Prosecutor.

This was an indictment against John L. Chapman, for Perjury, tried last week at the Court of Common Pleas and General Sessions for Hamilton County, now in session in this city. The circumstances of the case were as follows: In August last, Chapman made what (is usually termed) a "runaway match" with the daughter of Wheatly. Wheatly is a member of the Bar, and resides in Louisville, Kentucky. His daughter was on a visit to a friend in Kentucky, about five miles from this city, where Chapman visited her, and induced her to come to this city and get married. Chapman was a student of medicine. The statute of this State requires, (where the consent of the parents is not given) that the young lady must be 18 years of age before she can marry. It is also necessary to get a license from the Clerk of the Court. In obtaining marriage license, Chapman swore, to the *best of his knowledge and belief* that his intended wife was *over 18 of years age, and a resident* of Hamilton county. On this affidavit, Wheatly, the father of the young lady, commenced a prosecution against Chapman for perjury!—This extraordinary and unnatural proceeding, (that of a father prosecuting his own son-in-law for perjury,) excited great interest in the public mind, and produced very great indignation against the Prosecutor. The daughter, who is quite pretty, and engaging in her manners, exhibited the deepest distress at this unlooked for event, and at the examination before the Mayor, clung with straining eyes and all the fondness of a devoted and affectionate wife, to the neck of her husband, protesting his innocence and the shameless cruelty of her father. The scene was enough to have melted any heart but that of the relentless father.

The affidavit before spoken of, purported to have been made before the Clerk of the Court, and *signed by him*, whereas it was in truth made before the Deputy Clerk, but whose name did not appear. The Deputy Clerk had legal authority to administer the oath, but it was contended by Defendant's Counsel that the Deputy's name should have appeared. Various legal objections were taken by Deft's. Counsel to the indictment, which were reserved by the Court for consideration.

It was positively proved on the part of the State, that the young lady was but 17 years of age, and resided in Kentucky previously to the day of her marriage, and that she had a snug property of her own held in trust by a friend. It was also proved that she had stated in presence of Defendant that she was but 17 years of age, but the conversation was of a joking character among some young ladies who were talking of "old maids."

It was proved, on the part of the Defendant, that the young lady had stated in presence of Defendant she was over 18 years of age, and that when the officers went to arrest Defendant (a few hours after the marriage) she exclaimed (so soon as the cause was made known) it was not his fault, but hers. It was also proved that her *appearance* indicated her to be at least 18 or 19 years of age.—It was further proved that the Defendant, at the time of taking the oath, stated to the Deputy Clerk that the young lady had formerly resided in Kentucky, and had just then arrived in the city. It was further proved that the Prosecutor had made a proposition to Defendant, that if he would "make over his wife's property to him, [Wheatly] the prosecution should be dismissed. It also came out in evidence that Wheatly had said, on being urged by the officer not to proceed with the case, because, if successful, it would only destroy the happiness of his daughter, send his own son-in-law to the Penitentiary, where she would undoubtedly follow him, &c.—that on this Wheatly remarked, he "did not care if she went to Hell, so that he could punish Chapman!"

It was alleged by Wheatly, that his object was to send Chapman to the Penitentiary, and then get him divorced from his daughter, as that would furnish a legal cause for a divorce. Wheatly alleged also that Chapman's character was bad, but this did not at all appear on the trial, from any other source. Chapman is a handsome, genteel looking man, and belongs to a respectable family in Virginia. The trial occupied a whole day. On this state of facts Defendant's counsel proposed to submit the case to the Jury without argument.—This was declined by the counsel for the State, and Mr. Starr addressed the Jury. The Defendant's counsel then submitted the case. The Jury retired, and in five minutes brought in a verdict of *Not Guilty.*

Gold.—The unexampled richness of a large portion of the Southern States, in this precious metal, must, in time, produce a great effect on the condition of our country, whether for good or evil we leave to the professors of political philosophy to predict.—The annexed statements would scarcely be credited, if they were not sustained by authority so respectable.

CHARLOTTE, N. C. Nov. 22.

Rich Ore.—We have been informed, from undoubted authority, that at Mrs. H. Harris' mine in Cabarrus county, there was found by Mr. Isaac M'Clellan, a few days ago, two thousand five hundred and forty penny-weights of gold in 110 bushels of earth, one half of which was obtained from six bushels only. The whole was found in a vein about fifteen feet below the surface. This is the most extraordinary product that we have heard of yet, and from the manner in which it was communicated to us, we have no doubt as to the correctness of the statement. The whole amount of 2540 dwts. was sold in this place last week.—*Miner's Journal.*

A large vein of gold (says the Salisbury Journal) has recently been discovered in the mine belonging to Messrs. Henderson & Wilson, near King's Mountain, in Lincoln county; the ore from which, we are informed, is worth $3 20 per bushel.

A large "particle."—We have just received a letter from R. L. Powell, Esq. an owner of one one of the principal mines in Habersham county, Ga., dated the 4th instant, from which we make the following extract.—*Rutherford Spectator*

"I will give you some little idea of the production of the mines in this county. I secured, a few days since, out of the creek, a piece of gold which weighed two hundred and twenty-seven penny-weights and twenty-seven grains. I have no doubt in declaring my opinion, that gold is deposited in the same ratio with the magnitude of the stream it is found in. Our attention at present is a little turned to the hills; I think they will be equally profitable."

Animalised Bread and Biscuits.—We stated some time ago that a large quantity (400,000) of biscuits, animalised with gelatine, had been sent to Algiers for the use of the French troops, and that bread animalised in a similar way had been manufactured in Paris. A French paper now informs us that the experiment answered thoroughly, and that the discovery is likely to prove one of great value, not only to the army and navy, but in domestic economy generally, as animal food in the ordinary way may, with the use of animalised biscuits, be dispensed with. The composition of the biscuit is as follows.

Flour,	325 parts.
Dry animal matter, obtained from meat and bones by pressure and evaporation.	10
Water,	100 to 120

Two ordinary sized biscuits form a soldier's ration. They are said to be equal in nutrition to one quart of good soup with a proportionate quantity of bread.—*London Times.*

Hydrophobia.—A French journal mentions the certain recovery of three persons, who had been bit by mad dogs, by friction with mercurial ointment. One case of this dreadful disease was cured by this method, though it was not applied until *forty days* after the bite, when slight symptoms of the disease, attended by spasms, had become manifest. It is certainly worthy of being remembered by every one.

IMPORTANT FROM MEXICO.

We have received papers from the city of Mexico up to the middle of last month. They give the official details of a sanguinary action which was fought the latter end of September, near a place called Tesca, between the government (styled the army of the south,) under General Armijos, and the troops of the insurgents. The army of the government was totally overthrown and routed, or rather annihilated, and their general slain. Great consternation pervaded the capital. It was apprehended that the insurgents would not delay to march upon the city of Mexico, in which case it was believed that the regiments stationed there would be unable to oppose an effectual resistance, and it was deemed not improbable that they would even join the ranks of the enemy.—A change in the heads of the government was thought to be inevitable; it was presumed that the successful party would choose Gen. Santa Ana for chief of the republic.

The next advices from that quarter will be looked upon with interest. What may be the plans and projects of the insurgents in relation to the domestic and foreign policy of their country, time alone can develope. We entertain little doubt, that either Santa Ana or Guerrero is at this moment exercising the functions of the president of Mexico.—*Lou. Advertiser.*

The Kine Pox vs. the Small Pox.—The Frankfort Commentator of the 15th inst. presents an unpleasant picture of Louisville, Ky. It states that the loathsome and fatal small pox is now prevalent there—that cases of this sort are "quite numerous:"—that "it pervades all parts of the city, and it is spreading into the country:"—and that "no person liable to take the disease can visit the city in safety." It naturally calls the attention of the public to the preventive virtues of the Vaccine—calls upon the physicians to administer it, and the public to profit by the remedy.

It was once asked, why the small pox was not entirely extinguished by the application of the vaccine—but the idea seems at present almost as visionary, as the discovery of the Elixir of Immortal Life, or the transmutation of metals. When the enemy appears, we dread him. We prepare to combat him. We arm ourselves against its recurrence. But when the small pox is gone, we cease to fear it—and we take no effectual means to prevent its recurrence. It seeks a retreat in some sequestered spot—amongst some savage tribe, or among the poorer classes of some large city.—Thence it spreads by degrees, to more populous places, or accessible cities. It would be next to an impracticability to raise the whole world in arms at once against it—and to organise such an opposition, and apply the vaccine so effectually, as to pursue the small pox to its last retreats, and extinguish it for ever. But it is unquestionably the duty of parents to seize the most favorable opportunity to vaccinate their children—for they know not when the enemy cometh. There is a passage of Miss Edgeworth's Tale of *To-morrow*, which might be advantageously read by every father and mother in Christendom.

Wonderful strength of Insects.—The employ of the Dor. Beetle is to mine holes in the soil, remove the earth, and secrete the nuisances and incumbrances that may be found upon the surface; and this no weak animal could accomplish, but the strength of this beetle almost exceeds credibility. It has little power as a draft animal, but his business is to heave up the earth, entombing matters, and his muscular means appear to be situated in his legs, the upper joint of which is very large and firm. Having repeatedly placed one of these creatures, weighing 15 grains, under a weight equal to 4796 grains, sufficient, it would be considered, to crush its body: 319 times its own weight! it heaved it up and withdrew, and the same pressure being placed on its leg, was immediately disengaged by the other. Man effects his objects by the reasonings of his mind, mechanical agencies, or the strength of others; had he depended upon mere animal power to accomplish his wishes, in order to equal the means of a common beetle, he must have raised his body from an incumbent pressure of perhaps twenty tons. Our glow worm requires all its faculties, retiring in autumn into the crevices of a stony or earthly soil, where it passes its inanimate hours; before the spring arrives, all these passages by which it entered would probably be closed by the decomposition of the one or mouldering of the other, through the agency of frosts and rains; and it is thus probably endowed with strength, and the faculty of contracting and flattening its body, in order that it may remove the weights, or squeezing through the impediments that check the return to light and warmth, and the accomplishments of the purports of its being.—*Journal of a Naturalist.*

American and European Climates.—It is generally believed that the temperature of the atmosphere depends greatly upon the improvement of a country. Some of the old writers give a description of a Roman winter day, which would now answer for the latitude of Quebec, and parts of Germany which were represented by the Romans to be as cold and dreary as Siberia, now produce the vine. Lisbon is in nearly the same latitude with Albany, though its climate more resembles that of the West Indies.—*U. S. Telegraph.*

PITTSBURGH PRICES CURRENT.—Corrected weekly, by Riddle, Forsyth & Co.

Ashes, pot,	lb. 4½ a 5	Steel, co. lb.	7
pearl,	5½	sad irons	6 cts†
sc. salts	3½ a 3¾	Lead, in pigs	3¾
black salts	3 a 3½†	bars	4
Axes, doz.	$14 a 16†	white, in kegs	$24†
Augers, qr.	6 a 7†	dry, lb.	12
Alum, lb.	6	Shot, all sizes,	6†
Bacon, lb.	6 a 8§	Leather, sole,	23 a 25†
Butter, keg,	6a7†	upper, doz.	$27a30†
Bags, 3 bu. tw.	44 a 50†	calf skins,	15 a 24§
Beans, sh. bush.	67 a75†	Lard,	4½a5§
Biscuit, sea, b	3 50 a 4†	Logwood,	2½ a 3†
w. crack. bbl.	4½ a 5†	Molasses,	35 a 37½†
Beer,	3 †	Nails, Jun. bra.	10d 5½†
Coals, bush.	3½		8d 5½†
Candles, lb.	9		6d 6½
Copperas	3 a 3½†		4d 7½
Cheese	5½	other	5 a 6½†
Cordage, Ky.	8 a 11§	Oil, flaxseed, gal.	70§
Irwin's	9 a 15	tanners', bbl.	$19 a 20†
Coffee, g.in bgs.	14a15†	Onions, bushl.	$ 1§
Cotton Wool	12½§	Paper	
Cassinets,	40 a 110†	cap, No. 1 rm.	$3¼a3¾†
Cotton Goods,		No. 2,	2½a3¼†
3-4 Plaids, n. 1. y.	10a11†	No. 3,	2¼a2½†
4-4 Checks	12 a 14†	letter	$1 12½†
3-4 Stripes	10 a 11†	crown wrap.	1 37
Cot. yarns, lb. n.	5,19½†	medium do.	$1 75†
Flour, bbl.	$8*	paper hang's p.	37a35
Feathers	31 a 32§	Pork, fresh lb.	3½ a 4
Flax, scutched, lb	6†	pkd. mess, bbl.	11 a12
hatcheled,	10*	prime,	$9a10
Flannels, cy.	4-4 37a45*	Potatoes, bush.	25 a 40†
Fish—bbl.		Rags, Ohio,	5 a 5½†
herring,	6 50a7 50§	do. Kentucky	4 a 4½†
shad,	12 50§	Sugar, N. O. lb.	8½a9†
mack'l	6½ a 9†	country,	7§
Grain, wheat, bu	40a45§	lump,	16 a 17†
barley	50†	loaf,	17 a 19†
rye	31a33½†	Salt,	$2 12½†
corn	28a31½§	Soap, lb.	5½ a 8
Glass, 8by 10, box	$3½a4†	Sifters—doz.	
10 by 12,	$4½a5†	wire No. 14, 16,	$5
12 by 18,	$3 00†	Spades & shovels	$7½a11
Bottles, porter groce	9†	Tobacco	
gallon doz.	2½†	keg, lb.	5 a 10cts†
½ do.	1¼†	leaf,	2½ a 3†
¼ do.	87½cts†	Tallow, rendered	7†
pint	62½†	rough	4½ a 5†
Gunpowder, keg	$5½a6†	Tea. Y. H. lb.	90a$1 6*
Hemp, ton	75 a 80	H. skin.	70 a 75§
Hides, Span. lb.	13 a 15§	imperial,	1,50a1,40§
green	5§	Wax, bees'	20*
Indigo, Span	lb. 2½a2½†	Wool,	35 a 60*
Bengal,	2½ a 2½†	Wool hats, doz.	$5 a 6§
Iron, b. Jun. t.	$100†	Whisk. o. gall.	30a50c.†
blooms, Jun.	$80a85†	new	24a25†
rolled	100†	Vices, bright	14
sheet, cwt.	9½†	black	9½ a 10†
pig, ton	$28 a 30†	4-4 br. Sheeting	9 a 10§

REMARKS—* demand; § scarce; † plenty.

VENANGO FURNACE,

FOR SALE.

THIS valuable property, which is worthy the attention of Capitalists, is situated about thirteen miles south of Franklin, Venango county, on the waters of Scrubgrass creek. The works, which are now in complete order, have been built between 4 and 5 years, during which time they have been in successful operation, without any impediment from the severest of last winter's weather. At all seasons of the year there is an abundant supply of water for the furnace brought to it in pipes, as also for a saw mill recently built on the premises, and would be sufficient for ordinary milling or manufacturing purposes. The buildings immediately attached to the furnace, are large and convenient, the coal house being of sufficient size to contain ten weeks' stock.

The chief MANSION HOUSE, overlooking all the works, is spacious and very convenient. The other buildings, consisting of a boarding house, store house, and 13 houses for workmen, are each of the necessary size and well built; besides these there are several cabins, stables and a blacksmith shop. The land, of which there is between ELEVEN AND TWELVE HUNDRED ACRES, immediately surrounding the works, abounds more or less with hard ore, and another tract of 400 acres four miles distant contains an extensive bank of bog ore. All of this land is well studded with pine and hemlock, and partially with the other kinds of timber common to this section of country.

VENANGO FURNACE is situated in Scrubgrass township, the wealthiest and most flourishing one in the county, affording to the works abundance of produce at the lowest possible prices. The Allegheny river, within two miles of the works, affords, at all ordinary stages of the water, a safe and cheap mode of carrying the product of the furnace to the Pittsburgh market.

In consequence of the decease of two of the partners, this property, with a large assortment of patterns, and stock on hand, is now offered for sale on advantageous terms.—Persons desirous of purchasing will doubtless view the premises, where all necessary information can be obtained from JOHN ANDERSON, Esq. the surviving partner on the premises, or by application to Mr. G. LEDLIE, of Pittsburgh, or DAVID DERRICKSON, Esq. Meadville, by letter or otherwise.

Oct. 29.—w3m.

ADELPHÆ SEMINARY.

THIS institution, under the sole direction of Mr. and Mrs. Quinan, commenced its scholastic year the first of September, with such new arrangements as it is hoped will insure general approbation.

The system of instruction adopted, is calculated to prepare the pupils for the *real* business of life, and every study has the tendency of exercising their powers of judgment and reason, while, at the same time, what are usually considered accomplishments, the languages, music, drawing, and polished habits, are not overlooked. The circumstance of Mrs. Quinan's having received her education in Paris, peculiarly fits her for such a task.

It is the great object of the Principals, to instruct their pupils so that they may become useful and virtuous members of society; and in the use of the means of enforcing their precepts, although they remember that "the heart of man is utterly depraved and wicked," yet no coercive measures are adopted, until all others fail. The system is a *parental* one: this carries with it its own explanation, and admits of no change.

The studies of the Seminary are such as are pursued at the best institutions, and are imparted both by lecture and recitations.

There are two vacations in the year—one of two weeks, commencing the Saturday preceding Christmas; the other, the month of August. Those who choose are, however, privileged to remain at the institution—at no other time will a pupil be permitted to sleep from under its roof. To afford a facility to the friends of the pupils witnessing their progress, &c. Monday in every two weeks will be set apart as days of visitation. It is presumed that this will obviate the necessity of calling upon the pupils at such other times as would break in upon the order of their studies, &c.

Terms, yearly—to be paid half yearly in advance.

English Tuition and Board,	$130
French Language or Drawing,	12
Music,	25

Physicians and Dentists bills, use of musical instruments, washing and outfit, &c. at the charge of the pupils. All engagements considered as yearly.

The following references are respectfully given: The Hon. Charles Shaler, James Ross, Esq. Christopher Cowan, Benjamin Page, James Brown, Robert Galway, Isaac Lightner, and John Towne, Esquires, and Doctors Simpson and John H. Irwin, Pittsburgh; A. Horbach, Esq., Greensburgh; Major John Green, Newport, Ky. and Isaac Meason, Esq., Fayette. Oct. 1, 1830,—wtf.

LONDON BOTANIC OR VEGETABLE OIL SOAP;

AND ALSO THE

IMPERIAL RENOVATER,

Or the General Restoratives of Ladies' Dresses and Gentlemen's Clothing, of every description, color or quality,

WITHOUT THE LEAST INJURY TO EITHER!

THE above compositions, so justly celebrated in Europe, and also in the principal cities and towns in the United States; the former, the *Vegetable Oil*, for its superior quality in extracting oil, or grease of any kind, also paint, tar, &c. from Gentleman's Clothing, and woollen cloth and carpeting of every description; restoring the same to their former condition, without doing the least injury to their quality or color. And is eminently useful to sea faring men and travelers, possessing the singular quality of washing in spring or sea water, as well as any other soap can do in rain water; and will be found a sovereign remedy for scorbutic and other eruptions of the face and skin.

And the latter the *Imperial Preventative*, for its extraordinary qualities in extricating spots or stains caused by grease, oil, or soil of any kind, from Silks, Sattins, Merinos, Canton Crapes, Bombazines, and Ladies' Dresses of every description; restoring the same to their former condition, without doing the least injury to either *Gloss, Color, or Quality* let the same be whatever it may, and in most cases, in a very few minutes too, without the aid of any kind of liquid, heated irons, or any thing else; and may be left upon silks of the most delicate colors, for whole months together, with the greatest safety; and is now most respectfully offered at wholesale or retail for a few days only, at N. Griffith's Hotel.

It is requested that any Lady or Gentleman, who entertains any doubt of the superior excellence of the above named composition, will bring any of their garments stained as above described for trial, and the same will be removed in their presence; and the most satisfactory proofs given that the practice of sending fine dresses, on account of such stains, to the dyer's, may be in such cases dispensed with. It may be had at all times by wholesale at the subscriber's.

*** A very liberal allowance will be made to one person, in each town, who may purchase to sell again.

J. TRENCH.

Inventor and Manufacturer.

No. 245 Greenwich street N. York, Dec. 7, 1830.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS, *Druggists and Manufacturers*, are respectfully informed, that they will be supplied with

DRUGS,

PATENT MEDICINES,

PAINTS, OILS, DYE STUFFS, &c.

warranted of the best quality, and at the most reduced prices, by the subscriber, at his Wholesale Drug and Chemical Warehouse, corner of Sixth and Wood streets.

B. A. FAHNESTOCK

Pittsburgh, November 5—w6t.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FRIDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 10.

☞ River 4½ feet above low water mark.—From recent rains and the present appearance of the weather, we anticipate another rise in a few days. Nine arrivals and nine departures of steam boats since our last.

☞ We expect to place the Message of the President before our readers in our next paper.

FIRE!—The boring mill of Messrs. M'Clurg & Pratt, in Bayardstown, was consumed by fire, on the night of the 8th instant.

STEAM BOAT ACCIDENT.—We are informed that the *Hatchie*, a new boat built here for the Hatchie river, in West Tennessee, on her passage down the Ohio, ran foul of the *Erie*, and injured her considerably. We have not heard particulars, but understand that no personal injury was sustained by the passengers or crew of either boat.

FRENCH REVOLUTION.—In another column, our readers will find a brief notice of the Celebration at Cincinnati, and of the speech of the presiding officer, Mr. Neville. While we heartily concur with him in the tribute paid to the character and virtues of Lafayette, we must express our belief that the suggestion that he might have become the founder of a new dynasty in the first, or the president of a republic in the last revolution, is altogether visionary.

THE LOUISVILLE AND PORTLAND CANAL.—We regret exceedingly to learn, that when the water was let into this improvement, the pressure became so great as to tear the gates from their hinges, and do immense injury to the locks, &c.—The gentleman from whom our information came, states it to be the opinion of the engineers that it will require twelve months to repair the damages.

THE OHIO CANAL.—The amount of Tolls received at Newark, Licking county, Ohio, in the month of October, was $1,502.—At Massillon, on the Ohio canal, ninety-six miles west of Pittsburgh, on the 2d instant, Flour was $3 50 per barrel, and Wheat 50 cents per bushel. In Pittsburgh, on the same day, Flour was $3 25 per barrel, and Wheat 40 to 45 cents per bushel.—Massillon is in Stark county. The population of this county, in 1820, was 12,436; in 1830, 24,941. Increase 14,505—116 per cent.

MRS. ANNE ROYAL.—While this compound of all that is gross, disgusting, and offensive, was in Pittsburgh, it was her *good fortune* to provoke one of our citizens to forget himself for a moment, and to inflict upon her person a few unmanly stripes. For this offence, regretted almost as soon as committed, this individual has been severely punished—not by the fine and costs, but by the almost universal notice and condemnation of his conduct in the newspapers throughout the country. We have no disposition to excuse his conduct: if we had, we might allege that her conduct is frequently grossly offensive, and that in her deportment there is nothing feminine. She is a woman, to be sure, and so were the *poissardes* of Paris, whom Sir Walter Scott describes as being half unsexed by their occupation, and entirely so by their ferocity.

In noticing this affair, the person who inflicted the stripes is universally charsecterised as an *Anti-Mason*, and the bookstore in which he was employed as an "*Anti-Masonic bookstore*." We cannot perceive that the circumstances of Masonry and Anti-Masonry are at all material in this case: if they, however, have an importance which we are too dull to discover, it is proper that the truth should be known. The bookstore in which the occurrence took place belongs to one of our enterprising and public spirited fellow citizens, who is a zealous Mason, and the person who inflicted the stripes, although no Mason, is decidedly opposed to Anti-Masonry.

While upon the subject of Anti-Masonry, we will add that the editor of the Washington Examiner is entirely mistaken when he asserts that Judge Kennedy is an Anti-Mason. It has been asserted that he is a Mason: this we believe, also, to be incorrect: but *we know* that he is decidedly opposed to Anti-Masonry.

Population of Armstrong County, in 1830, 17,695
" " " 1820, 10,324
Increase in ten years, - - - 7,371

For the Gazette.

MR. CRAIG.—A writer in the last Gazette, over the signature C. requested you to inform the citizens of Pittsburgh why the Western University of Pennsylvania is used for a carpenter's shop; stating that "that splendid edifice is now used for a shop to prepare materials for the erection of other buildings." Is this C's. prime subject of complaint?—Does he think the building defiled by carpenters working within its walls, except the materials are prepared for the erection of that splendid edifice? Would he have the carpenters to abandon the building altogether, and leave the materials they have prepared for its completion to be injured, rather than, in its splendid walls, to prepare a piece for another building? Perhaps C's. sublimated sentiments respecting the edifice, require its erection to be after the manner of Solomon's Temple, in which the sound of a hammer was not heard.—If such are his views, he had better propound them to the superintendant of the building, who, I apprehend, too, is qualified to give the information he required for the citizens of Pittsburgh.

M.

For the Gazette.

MR. CRAIG.—In the Statesman of the 8th inst. its erudite editor has evinced, as is usual, more zeal than discretion on the subject of "the floating graving dock," which a certain Thomas Cunningham claims as inventor.—He premises "that there is to be an attempt to take this valuable concern from *us*, and to deprive *Mr. C.* of the credit and advantage of his invention."—We are told, he says, that "some person has set up a claim as its original inventor, and has instituted a suit for damages, for a violation of his patent." With this conclusive evidence before him, he undertakes to interfere between the rights of the parties and the constituted authorities of our country, and to decide the cause in favor of the defendant.

Attempts, through the medium of the press, to influence and prejudice the judgment of the country—the jurors of every man's cause—against the interests of either party, are highly censurable.—If a mistaken notion of propriety sanction this practice, the boasted palladium of our liberties, the press, would be prostrated to the basest purposes.

This, we hope, will be a sufficient hint to the Statesman not to interfere with causes that are depending in our courts.

A. B. C.

The Duke of Wellington's family receives in sinecures, pensions, and salaries, no less a sum than Two Hundred and Sixty-three Thousand Seven Hundred and Thirty-six dollars annually. The Duke has also received in grants from the Government 3,800,000 dollars.

DINNER TO JUDGE KENNEDY.

A large and respectable number of the citizens of Pittsburgh, having requested the Hon. JOHN KENNEDY to partake of a public dinner, at the house of Mr. Griffith, on Saturday last, the 4th instant.—The Hon. CHARLES SHALER presided, assisted by JOHN M. SNOWDEN, and ALEXANDER JOHNSTON, Jr. Esq'rs. as Vice Presidents.

After the cloth was removed, the following toasts were drank:—

1. *Our Country*—The pride of the New, the admiration of the Old World. The tree of liberty planted in her soil, has spread deep and wide; its branches overshadow the globe.

2. *The State of Pennsylvania*—Distinguished as the Key-stone of the Union: may the education of her rising generation show that knowledge is power.

3. *The President of the United States*—History will transmit to latest time, the fame of the Hero of Orleans. May it also transmit his fame as a distinguished Statesman.

4. *The Governor of Pennsylvania*—The enlightened Magistrate of a great state. He has shown he appreciates the value of an intelligent and upright Judiciary.

5. *The Pittsburgh Bar*—She contributed her quota of talent to the Judicial and political counsels of her country.

The President then rose, and addressed the meeting, in substance as follows—

"I rise, gentlemen, not for the purpose of pronouncing an eulogium upon our eminent and distinguished guest: an eulogium loftier than any I can give utterance to, is inscribed in imperishable characters in the hearts of his friends, and in the memory of its fellow citizens. But I rise to congratulate Western Pennsylvania, that the executive discrimination has been so admirably displayed, in the selection of our upright fellow citizen for the elevated rank he has been called upon to dignify. To congratulate the state at large that a gentleman has been selected to fill a high judicial station, at a time of great party excitement, not from party predilections, but on account of the weight of his character and the eminence of his attainments; and to say to the members of my own profession, that another example is afforded us that the road to its highest honors lies not thro' the rugged and thorny path of politics, but by diligent and persevering endeavors for the attainment of legal science, by amenity of manners, and dignity of deportment, by the courtesies that distinguish the gentleman, and the virtues that characterise the christian.—The President then gave—

6. *Our distinguished Guest, John Kennedy Esq.*—If unbending integrity, acknowledged talent, and great experience in the practice of his profession, qualify a man for the station to which he has been appointed, we, who know him, know he will do it honor.

7. *The nullifiers of the South*—Like the prodigal son, may they soon return from the husks, on which they have been feeding, and partake of the fat of their father's land.

8. *The memory of the Hon. Frederick Smith.*—He was respected as a Judge, and beloved as a man.

9. *La Fayette*—The champion of liberty, in the new and in the old world: his fame, immortal as the glorious principles of liberty, to which he has devoted both his youth and his age.

10. *Internal Improvement*—May the next legislature act as well as speak, and recollect that Ohio and New-York are alike jealous of our prosperity, and envious of our success.

11. *Philadelphia and Pittsburgh.*—The eastern and western emporiums of the state. Their interests are, their feelings should be mutual, as that which improves the one, must benefit the other.

12. *James Ross*—The father of the Pittsburgh bar: his reputation as a lawyer is identified with the legal history of his native state, as a statesman it will last while the waters of the Mississippi shall roll.

13. *The Tariff*—While we feel all its benefits, let us not forget its great advocate, Henry Baldwin.

VOLUNTEER.

By John M. Snowden, Esq., Vice-President.—*The Judiciary*—Enlightened, virtuous, and independent:—a strong and beautiful column in the temple of Liberty. The Executives of the state and nation have evinced, by their recent appointments, their desire to preserve it untarnished.

THE TARIFF.

The protecting system, or tariff, was not brought to its present efficient state, without a hard struggle; nor can it be maintained without unity and further exertion on the part of its friends. It had and still has powerful enemies, both abroad and at home, who are plotting its destruction—and, unless its friends associate and act together, it is to be feared, will finally effect their object.

In this, and many other parts of the union, nine tenths of all political parties have become convinced that it is the true policy of the country, and ardently wish it continued—but they differ with respect to the danger that menaces it. Many of political friends of President Jackson rest secure, under the idea that he is favorable to the tariff, and that his influence will frustrate all the exertions now making to put it down. On what foundation they built these hopes, we are at a loss to discover. They must rest on faith, instead of facts. He has, in very many important particulars, acted, since he has been president, in pointed opposition to the principles he professed before his election. It is now necessary to point them out. His conduct with respect to Internal Improvement, ought to be warning. When a Senator, he voted for *bills*—authorising a road from Memphis in the State of Tennessee, to Little Rock, in the territory of Arkansas—for laying out and making certain roads in Florida—to procure necessary surveys for roads and canals—to improve the navigation of the Mississippi, Ohio and Missouri rivers—to make a road in Missouri, and other similar bills. Now he is President, Gen. Jackson doubts the constitutionality and expediency of such laws and appropriations of the public money—notwithstanding successive Congresses have decided in favor of the constitutionality of them, and the National Debt has since he was senator been reduced from upwards of *one hundred* millions to about *forty* millions! The plea of inexpediency cannot be sustained. Has his opinion in relation to the Constitution undergone a change, or did he yield it to southern influence, when he put forth his wholesale veto, and crushed the internal improvement bills of last session? One thing is certain, that his conduct on that occasion has been hailed by the southern nullifiers, as a triumph, and an earnest of future aid from the same quarter, to destroy the whole American system, root and branch!

Judging of the future by the past, we do not see how the vague declaration of his being in favor of *a judicious tariff*, and his vote in senate in favor of certain duties, when he was canvassing for the presidency, can be sufficient to give the tarriff friends of President Jackson confidence. Is there not cause to fear, that he may, should a similar opportunity offer, decide the fate of the Tariff as he did that of Internal Improvement? He is a southern man with southern feelings!—*Chambersburgh Repository.*

Banks.—It appears by Bicknell's Counterfeit Detector, that there are 472 Banks in the United States—142 of which are broken or winding up—and that 864 different plates of their notes are known to have been counterfeited!—*Chambersburgh Repos.*

THE RECENT MUTINY AND MURDER.

New York, December 3.—The result of the proceedings of the court in the afternoon of Thursday, is given in the report of the examination of Thomas J. Wansley, (or as he called himself, Williams,) the mulatto steward. His statements add but little to the information previously afforded by the disclosures of Brownrigg. At the conclusion of the examination of Wansley, Thomas Morris, Esq. U. S. Marshal for the Southern District of New York, came into Court with an order from Judge Betts to deliver the prisoners and money into his possession, which was accordingly done, and all further proceedings were stopped. The Marshal received the money found on the prisoners, which he deposited in the Long Island Bank. The prisoners were hand-cuffed, and in charge of police officers, were brought to this city, and committed to Bridewell.

The party that went in search of the money on Wednesday evening, on finding that it had been removed from the place where it was alleged to have been deposited, proceeded immediately to the house of Johnson, mentioned in the examination of Dawes, where the prisoners passed the night, and searched his dwelling thoroughly from top to bottom. They found no money, however, but Johnson voluntarily showed them eleven Mexican dollars, a five dollar note of the United States Bank, a sword cane, a spy glass, and a silver watch, which he said had been given him for refreshments and services rendered to prisoners. The money and other articles were afterwards surrendered to the Marshal. The whole sum found on the prisoners, including the amount given up by Johnson, is, we understand, $2,453 48 cents.—*Post*

From the Commercial Advertiser.

Mr. Merritt, one of the police officers who came came up from Flatbush in the carriage with the prisoners, informs the editors of the Journal of Commerce, "that the prisoners conversed very freely respecting their participation in the bloody deed, during their journey from Flatbush to this city—Gibbs did not even seek to exculpate himself, or to extenuate his crime. He declared that the propositition was first made by Atwell, who is supposed to have been drowned in the small boat, one morning while they were at breakfast—that Atwell addressed him, and asked if he would navigate the vessel if they would take possession of her. Both Gibbs and Wansley, the steward, fully acquitted 'the old man,' as they styled John Brownrigg, of any participation in their guilt. They averred, that the boy, Robert Dawes, aided and assisted in the scheme, and helped to throw Capt. Thornby overboard." An impression that such was the fact with regard to Dawes, was left strongly on our minds by his manner, during the examination. There was an air of *sang froid*—an unfeeling levity in his demeanor, which was truly surprising.—The lad was well dressed, and in his personal appearance very favorable. John Brownrigg is as honest a fellow, we have no doubt, as ever reefed a topsail. But, under all the circumstances of the case, it is most extraordinary, that when there were but four mutineers, the three others should not have communicated the plot to the captain and mate. They would then have stood five to four against them, and might have overpowered and put them in irons.

The whole conduct of the steward was very objectionable. Nevertheless, we were told that his demeanor was marked while in prison, with deep contrition. They asked for a bible of Mr. Wyckoff, and were one or other of them reading or praying nearly all of Wednesday night. Wansley said to some one yesterday evening, that his old master had always told him he would one day be hanged; and he has ever had greater terrors of being drowned than any thing else. But he says he has felt much easier and more comfortable since the disclosure, than before. To a person who went into the prison when they were about being removed, they put the question with a jocund air, of "when they would be tried!" being answered, "when, after that, they should be hung!" To the reply they merely silently assented as a matter of no importance.

The Ocean Insurance Company was on the specie to the amount of $25,000, and the American the same amount. Between $1,100 and $1,500 have been found, we are informed.

POSTSCRIPT.

The prisoners were separately examined this morning by Judge Betts, at his Chambers in Pine street. Wansley and the lad Dawes, did not vary in their previous examinations, nor was any new material fact elicited from them. They were duly and fully cautioned as to their situation. Wansley on being asked whether he kew any person in this city, said he had some acquaintances, but no particular friends. The Judge remarked to him that his case seemed a pretty hopeless one, and that the trials would take place in a few days.

When Charles Gibbs was brought up for examination, the Judge observed that he saw several persons connected with the press present: and that he would suggest to them, as Gibbs had not been previously examined, that there would be an impropriety in publishing any portion of his statement before the trial. Assenting thoroughly to the soundess of this suggestion, we forbear from publishing our report. In that part of his statement unconnected with the question of his criminality in the transaction, he stated that they met only one vessel after the murder, and did not speak her.—He was examined very particularly as to the size and appearance of the jolly boat, which he described as being rather a stout boat, of from twelve to fifteen feet keel, painted black, with a white streak running on both sides, six or eight inches below the gunnel. She had a sail with a mast fitted.—He remembered no other particular marks. They lost sight of her at about 9 o'clock, outside of the bar, when she was heading westward along the land. When she disapeared, he thought she was not more than half a mile off from them. In relation to the money buried in the sand, he stated that he had made mention of it to Johnson, just as they were leaving Barren Island, to cross to Long Island, and that the steward and Johnson had been there, he understood, the afternoon previous. Johnson did not tell him he would be detained, nor did he suspect it until they landed on Long Island. We understood that Brownrigg expressly stated on this examination, that he had no knowledge of the intentions of the mutineers previous to the perpetration of the crime.

We have been informed that Captain Thornby was engaged to be married to a young lady, who resides in John street, in this city.

[The cargo of the brig Vineyard, scuttled and burnt by the crew, beside specie, was 112 bales cotton, 113 hhds. sugar, and 54 casks molasses. This we learn from the N. Orleans Prices Current of the 13th ult.]

From the Newburgh (N. Y.) Telegraph.

FATAL ACCIDENT.

On Saturday last, Hulling S. Usher was found upon the floor of his own room, at the residence of Mr. John F. Scott, near Montgomery, in this county, shot through the heart. The circumstances of his death are not known; but the verdict of a jury of inquest, summoned by T. M. Niven, Esq., after an examination of the body, the room, &c. was, that he "came to his death by the accidental discharge of a pistol," in his own hands, and, it is believed, while in the act of loading it. Young Usher was nineteen years of age, and the only son of wealthy parents in Wilmington, N. C. who sent him to this state about five years since, to receive his education under the guardianship of Mr. Scott, to whom, and to all who knew him, he had endeared himself, by his manly deportment and amiable disposition, and the many excellencies of a naturally good heart. He anticipated a speedy return to the parental roof, and had fixed upon the Monday following his melancholy exit, as the day of departure. A letter was found upon the deceased, addressed to his sister, in which he apprizes her of his intention, and dwells at length upon the pleasure he derived from the hope of soon greeting her and his friends, after so long an absence.

Is there so much goodness, fidelity and equity among men, that we should place such confidence in them, as not to desire, at least, that there was a God; to whom we might appeal from their injustice, and who might protect us from their persecution and treacheries?—*Labruyere.*

THE FIRST BOAT AT PINEGROVE.

Agreeably to the anticipation of our citizens, the arrival of the first boat in the Union Canal feeder, was announced on the afternoon of Monday last.—The joyous news spread like magic through our thriving place, and soon the inhabitants of the town were all in motion to behold the novelty of the scene.

The hammer, the saw, the anvil, and the plane, which a few moments before, impelled by the hardy hand of active industry, had thumped, and gritted, and rang, and hissed, in our several shops, now all of a sudden ceased—the half finished door lay undisturbed on the bench—in fact every species of industry was quelled involuntarily by the announcation, and all—old and young, man and boy, walking, talking, laughing, and running through our streets, hastening with joyous heart to welcome "*The Beauty Mary*" into port. It was about four o'clock, P. M. when the news arrived. The boat was then stated to be five miles below town. Taking immediate advantage of the news, in company with several other gentlemen I hastened to the landing. Throwing ourselves into a pleasure boat, we were soon gliding along the smooth surface of the Canal at the rate of five miles an hour. The locks were in good order, and quickly we were within a few rods of the new adventurer. A general huzza rang for moments through the air, while the shrill bugle, chiming in sweetly, closed the harmonious peal, and gave new zest to a second and a third repetition.

She was a beautiful built boat, handsomely ornamented, and owned by *Messrs. Filbert & Shultz*, of Pinegrove. She was filled to overflowing. It could scarcely be supposed possible, that so numerous a crowd would assemble together on so brief a notice. No man who heard the news remained at home. The banks were thronged on all sides, and whenever a lock or a bridge crossed our course, a fresh shout of welcome received us, and appeared to add wings to our flight as it echoed and re-echoed behind us through the distant hills. Finally we arrived at our port of destination, amidst the acclamations of the multitude assembled on the banks: without the occurrence of any accident to ourselves or the Canal.

Thus has been opened a communication between Pinegrove and the Philadelphia market, which will soon place the former among the first towns in Schuylkill county. Among the first! She is already among that favored few, and a visit to our place, with a cursory view of her advantages, is the only argument necessary to convince the stranger that in a few years she will be second to none in the county.

Several boat loads of coal will be taken down this season, which in point of beauty and quality may vie with any in the state. This however is foreign from my subject. As a resident I doubtless feel interested in the prosperity of the place. A rivalship will be to the advantage of all. Palmam qui meruit ferat.—*Miner's Jour.*

Susquehanna Railroad.—We are much pleased to learn the successful progress of this work, and that in the early part of the ensuing summer, at least six miles of it will be put into actual operation.

A considerable portion of the first three miles (which is incomparably the most difficult on the first division,) has been excavated, and will, in a short time, be ready to receive the railways. The city division is completed, with the exception of a cut through the hill near Col. Howard's, which has been let upon contract, and will be completed with all possible expedition. A depot has been obtained at the point where the road intersects Belvidere street, occupying a space of about three acres, and extending from Belvidere to Calvert streets. Several Culverts had been built and others are in progress—the bridge at the city boundary will be immediately commenced, and will be completed through the winter—funds have been remitted to Liverpool for the purchase of Iron sufficient for the first seven miles of the road, and contracts for timber for rails have been advertised for. Every thing is going on with spirit and energy, and we sincerely congratulate the Stockholders upon the prospect of realising their calculations, and the public at large upon the important results which must follow so flattering a commencement. The steady perseverance, and untiring industry of the President and Directors entitle them to success,—that they will obtain it we feel confident—that they deserve it every one will admit.—*Baltimore Chronicle.*

The Russian Government has offered a prize of twenty-five thousand rubles, (about £1,000) for the best treatise on the cholera morbus. It is remarkable that in the enumeration of the physicians to whom it is addressed, the French are excluded, and that among the languages in which the treatises may be written, French is likewise omitted.—The following is the official announcement:—

"The epidemic disease, known by the name of cholera morbus, has made in our days frightful ravages in the greater part of Asia. It has made its appearance, since last year, in several provinces of the Russian Empire, where it exercises its utmost fury. None of the works hitherto published upon this malady have been found sufficient in their application: it spreads daily, and threatens all Europe. The Imperial Government of Russia, in the interest of suffering humanity, deems it expedient to propose to the Physicians of Russia, Germany, Hungary, Italy, England, Sweden, and Denmark, to address to it treatises on the cholera morbus, which shall—1.—Give a clear and detailed description of the nature of this disease; 2. Enumerate the causes which produce it; 3. Describe the manner in which it spreads; 4. Show by exact and authenticated proofs, whether it communicates itself; 5. Point out, consequently, the means of guarding against it: as well as—6. Those of curing it.

These treatises may be written in Russian, Latin, German, English, or Italian, and are to be addressed to the Council of Medicine at St. Petersburgh, by the 1st of September, 1831. The name of the author shall be indicated in a separate and sealed cover. The author of the best treatise, who shall have fully answered the aforesaid conditions, will receive of the Government of Russia a reward of 85,000 rubles in Bank notes."

Fraud in Cotton.—The Baton Rouge Gazette of the 6th ult. contains the report of a case, tried before the District Court of St. Helena, at its late sitting, which involves the application of law interesting to the purchasers of Cotton. The suit was brought by M'Neil & Co. against Thomas Holden, of Mississippi, for the purchase money of three bales of Cotton that had been bought of the latter, and for damages. It was proved that the bales were packed with layers of good cotton on the edge, where samples are usually taken, and that the interior of the bales contained cotton of an inferior quality.

The law, as explained by the Court, (says the above paper) gives redress to the purchasers of cotton which has been fraudulently packed, and extends to all cases, when, from artifice or design of the seller, sales are effected by samples of better quality than that of the article forming the object of the contract. The Jury found a verdict, declaring the sale to be rescinded, and the plaintiffs entitled to recover the amount of money paid, with interest, and 50 dollars damages.—*Baltimore American.*

When you are elevated with reading a work, and your mind is inspired with noble and generous sentiments, seek not for any other rule to judge it by; it is good, and done by a masterly hand.—*Labruyere.*

VARIOUS MATTERS.

An extract of a letter from Liverpool, under date of October 19, says:—"Our Railway to Manchester, (30 miles) has now been in operation for one month, the receipts for passengers only, they being not yet ready for the conveyance of goods, amounts to eight thousand pounds sterling."—That is a good month's work for passengers alone. THIRTY-FIVE THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED AND FIFTY-THREE DOLLARS in thirty days, more than eleven hundred and eighty dollars per day.—*Batt. American.*

Indian Corn.—The origin of this grain has been considered uncertain. Some celebrated writers early maintained that it came from the East—others affirmed it was of American origin. The latter, we believe, to be correct. It was every where found in a state of cultivation when the first navigators landed. Soon after this, it spread rapidly throughout Europe, where it was unknown before. Its names were generally of American origin. A new variety has been discovered in Paraguay, where it has been long cultivated by the Indians. It also grows wild in the humid forests, and is gathered by the Indians.

National Magazine.—Since our last, we have received several copies of the first number of the above periodical, and we should be happy to place them in the hands of our reading friends. It is handsomely printed, and its contents, in our humble opinion, are highly creditable to the judgment and taste of the talented editress, Mrs. Barney observes, in an address to her patrons, "that she shall receive assistance from those who, to the advantages of sex, and the superiority of genius, have added the lucubrations of years, and the profit of experience."—*Chambersburgh Repos.*

The most secret crimes are discovered so easily, notwithstanding all the care that has been taken to prevent their being brought to light; and such discoveries seem to result so naturally even from the darkest plots, that the authors of those crimes could invent to hide their guilt, that one would think nothing but God could have produced those unexpected events; the number of these discoveries is so great, that those who are pleased to attribute them to chance, must own, at least, that from all ages the effects of chance have been most wonderful.—*Labruyere.*

Fortifications.—The venerable James Thatcher, of Plymouth, in a letter to the editor of the New England Farmer, says, "I commenced my excursion 29th September, by the way of New Bedford, to Newport, where I devoted two days to the kind civilities of the family of my worthy friend D. K. This procured me a gratifying visit to the stupendous fortifications now erecting at Brenton's Point, under the able superintendence of Col. Totten. These works, *of a mile in extent*, and most formidable in height and strength, have been five years in progress, at an annual expense of $100,000. It is calculated that in another five years, the whole will be completed, at the cost of *one million of dollars*, and will present an impregnable barrier against the strongest force."—*Boston Transcript.*

Shocking Occurrence.—We learn that two young men, brothers, and the sons of a respectable physician of Philadelphia, during a gunning excursion on Saturday last, and when in the neighborhood of Bristol, fell into some slight difference, when the younger became enraged, drew a dagger, and plunged it to the heart of the elder, who expired almost instantly. The feelings of the afflicted relatives at such an event, can scarcely be conceived. —*Philadelphia Inquirer.*

A letter from Gibraltar, October 17, says—General Bourmont, late commander of the French expedition to Algiers, and his two sons, are here, waiting for the steam boat, to proceed to England.

FROM ALGIERS.—We have received our file of Gibraltar papers to the 1st October, which give advices to the 15th Sept. from Algiers.

GIBRALTAR, Sept. 29.—By the *Colombo*, in five days from Algiers, we learn, that General Clausel had arrived, and Marshal Bourmont left for France with part of the squadron and some troops. About 20,000 men remained in Algiers and the advanced posts. The Bey of Titterie had made offers to the French, which may lead to a composition of his differences with them.

From Oran it is reported, that the Bedouins are again bringing corn and other produce from the interior: and that, therefore, the trade of the place is going on as before the interruption we noticed some time ago.—*Boston Centinel.*

Died,

On the 2d instant, of scarlet fever, ROBERT, eldest son of George Watson, Esq. of this city.

On Tuesday night last, aged about two years, JAMES, youngest son of Mr. James Harmon.

NOTICE.—By leave of Divine Providence, the Quarterly Sermon of the Sabbath Union will be delivered by the Rev. E. P. Swift, on Sabbath evening, 12th instant, at half past six o'clock, in the Second Presbyterian Church.
Dec. 10. R. WRAY, Rec. Sec'y.

NEW NOVEL.—"FRANCE IN 1829-30," by *Lady Morgan*, author of "France," (in 1-16.) "Italy," "Life and Times of Salvator Rosa," &c., &c., &c., &c. In 2 volumes 12mo. Just received and for sale by HOGAN & CO., corner of Front and Market streets. Dec. 10.

UNITED STATES ALMANAC FOR 1831, comprising calculations for the latitudes and meridians of the northern, southern, and western states; with a variety of public information and interesting masonic matter, together with a correct list of the civil and military of the United States, Members of Congress, Foreign Ministers, Courts, Tariff, Arsenals, Military Posts, &c. Selected to be extensively useful throughout the country, to Travelers and Residents. Just received and for sale by HOGAN & CO.,
Corner of Front and Market streets.
December 10—3t.

MILLS FOR SALE,
OR TO LEASE FOR A TERM OF TEN YEARS.

THE SUBSCRIBER, in consequence of the death of his partner, who was practically acquainted with milling, and as he does not himself understand the business, hereby offers for sale his STEAM GRIST AND SAW MILLS, together with 12 acres of valuable LAND, situate on the east side of the Monongahela river, opposite the village of Williamsport. This situation is perhaps one of the best in the Western country, for doing an extensive business at sawing, grinding, merchandising, and boat-building; all of which might be connected together with great propriety. There is a good coal-bank open, close by the Mill, from the mouth of which coal can be run into the fire-house, without any hauling. The establishment is supplied abundantly with soft water from the river; there is also a good well close by the mill, for the use of a dwelling and hands about the mill. The mill house is a spacious building, 35 by 65 feet; has two run of burrs, three bolts, Nos. 6, 7, and 8; rolling and standing screens; with elevators, and all things in complete order and operation. The Saw Mill is 45 by 14 feet.

Any person wishing either to purchase the whole or one half, or to lease the establishment for ten years, will please to make immediate application to the subscriber, who is determined to either sell or lease on accommodating terms.

JAMES MILLS.

N. B. If the one half is sold, the subscriber would give preference to a partner who can come well recommended as a first rate practical Miller and Millwright; and the terms will be made particularly accommodating to such an applicant. Land, well improved, or a stock of merchandise in the grocery line, would be taken in exchange for the Grist and Saw Mills. For terms apply immediately to the proprietor, in Williamsport, Washington county, Pa. JAMES MILLS.
December 10.—3

HENRY HOLDSHIP AND SON'S
PRICES CURRENT.

CAP PAPER,	per r'm,	hot press,	$4 25 a 4 50
do.	do.	do.	fine,	3 25 a 3 75
do.	do.	do.	common,	2 25 a 3 00
LETTER	do.	do.	hot press,	3 75 a 4 00
do.	do.	do.	common,	2 50 a 3 25
PRINTING PAPER,		per ream,	2 37 a 5 25
WRAPPING	do.	Imperial,	per reams,	2 75
do.	do.	Medium,	do.	1 75
do.	do.	Crown,	do.	1 12
TEA PAPER,		Medium,	do.	2 00
do.	do.	Crown,	do.	1 50
PASTEBOARDS,	per groce,		$5 00 a 5 25
FULLERS' PRESS PAPERS,		per lb.		25
PAPER HANGINGS,	per piece,		37½ a 75
BORDERS,		do.	12½ a $2 50

December 10, 1830.

A TAVERN AND FERRY TO LET

THE subscriber offers for rent, on a lease of two or three years, his old established TAVERN and FERRY, at Elizabeth-Town, fifteen miles from Pittsburgh, situated in a rich and flourishing neighborhood, and commanding a large and extensive business. The buildings, stables, boats, &c. are all in the best state of repair, and large and convenient.—Terms reasonable. To a gentleman possessing the necessary means and qualifications, the present is an excellent chance for an agreeable and profitable location. Possession will be given on the first day of April next, or sooner if required.
JOHN WALKER,
December 10.—w2t. Elizabeth-Town.

REMOVAL.

ALDERMAN MURRAY has removed his Office to the house of General Patchell, No. 11, in the south-west corner of the Diamond.
Pittsburgh, April 10, 1830.

WM. W. IRWIN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office on Fourth street, one door east of Market
May 4, 1830.—tf

T. Livingston & C. A. Alexander,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
OFFICE NO. 82 LIBERTY STREET.—
Pittsburgh, Nov. 19—3mo.

VAT POTS.—Just received by the subscribers, one small and two large PAPER-MILL VAT POTS, (copper.) They have been used for one year. The Pots are made on the most approved plan, and will be sold very low.
G. FABER & SONS, 116 Wood street.
November 23—wtf

Briceland's Cross Roads.

THE SUBSCRIBER respectfully informs his friends and the public, that, in addition to his STORE he has opened a HOUSE OF PUBLIC ENTERTAINMENT, at the sign of the Globe, at Briceland's Cross Roads. He has also provided himself with good stables and a careful hostler, and hopes, by his attention to the comfort of his customers, to merit a share of the public favor. JAMES BRICELAND.
November 19, 1830—w3m*

TO FULLERS & DYERS.

THE subscriber has just received an extensive supply of CAMWOOD, LOGWOOD, FUSTIC, and NICARAGUA, chipped and in the stick, ALUM, BLUE VITRIOL, OIL VITRIOL, COPPERAS, CREAM TARTAR, CRUDE TARTAR, INDIGO, MURIATIC ACID, AQUA FORTIS, VERDEGRIS, TURMERIC, COCHINEAL, NUTGALLS, CUDBEAR, WOAD, FULLERS' JACKS, &c., &c.

☞ The above articles are *warranted* of the first quality, and will be sold *unusually low*, at the Drug and Color Warehouse, corner of Sixth and Wood streets. B. A. FAHNESTOCK.
Pittsburgh, November 5, 1830—wtf.

French & Latin together,
No. 110 MARKET STREET.

"Alterius sic
Altera poscit opem res et conjurat amice."
HORACE.

IN this course the Eclogues of Virgil are translated into French, so that the pupil is at the same time acquainted with the niceties of the Latin and the French. We need not remark that these Eclogues are so many immortal models of conversation and ingenuousness.

☞ Private attendances also are given, by Mr. Mouls, at the rate of $9 for one person, $12 for two persons, and $15 for three persons, for three months. Three lessons a week, of one hour each lesson. October 29—w2mo.

THE subscribers have entered into partnership for the purpose of carrying on the Foundry and Steam Engine Business, under the firm of
M'CLURG & PRATT.
They beg leave to inform their friends and the public generally, that their Foundry is now in complete operation, immediately above the aqueduct, on the Allegheny river, where they are prepared to execute orders for Castings of every description, in the best manner and with the greatest possible punctuality. Their steam mill, for boring, turning, or grinding heavy castings, is also in operation, and shops for making STEAM ENGINES of any required power, and SUGAR MILLS and machinery of every description.
They feel assured that from their knowledge of the business, in all its branches, their attention and punctuality, they will continue to receive a share of public patronage.
ALEX. M'CLURG,
FRANCIS PRATT.
December 7, 1830—1y

FOR RENT,

WITH a lease of some years, from the 1st of April next, the large and convenient house, No. 138 Liberty street. The tenant who would buy the furnitures therein the said house, should have possession of the dwelling part at any time desired, free of rent until the 1st of April. For terms, they may apply on the premises to H. BONNET.
Nov. 5, 1830.—eowtf.

FOR SALE,

A COUNTRY SEAT, containing Ten Acres of Land, adjoining East Liberty. The situation is pleasant and healthful. The Dwelling House is a two story frame, 36 by 22 feet; well finished, with a cellar under one half, and a well of excellent water at the door. Also, a frame Wash House, Stable, Wagon House, Corn Crib, &c. and a variety of well selected Fruit Trees, Bush Fruit, &c. &c. It will be sold low for Cash, as the subscriber intends removing from this part of the country. Apply on the premises, to
Dec. 3—eowt1M. JAMES JONES.

FOR SALE, a convenient Two Story Frame DWELLING HOUSE, in the city of Pittsburgh, situated on First or Front street, between Grant and Ross streets, at present occupied by Mr. Adams.

ALSO, Two convenient Two Story DWELLING HOUSES, in the town of Allegheny, situate between the Bridge and the Aqueduct.

ALSO, FOR LEASE, for a term of years, Six small LOTS, pleasantly situated in a central part of the borough of Allegheny, within one square of Federal street and the Centre Square, on the East side. For particulars, inquire of
JOHN PATTERSON, Carpenter,
October 15—tf *Allegheny Town.*

YORK HAVEN.

THIS valuable property having lately changed owners, the present proprietors are now making such improvements as to bring it into actual and profitable operation, and such as will offer great inducements to enterprising and industrious persons to settle there.

To strangers it may be necessary to state that York Haven is situated in York county, Pa., on the West Branch of the Susquehanna river, at the Conewago Falls. It is sixty miles from Baltimore, and eighty-six from Philadelphia, to both of which cities a communication by railroads is now making; in addition to which the daily mail between Baltimore and Harrisburgh passes through the place.

The proprietors are now prepared to lease or sell Lots and Rights for Mills or Manufactories of any kind. There is, perhaps, no situation in the state superior to this for the establishment of any description of manufactories—for Grist Mills, Saw Mills, Rolling and Slitting Mills, Nail Factories, Fulling Mills, Carding Machines, Bark Mills, &c. The raw material for all these establishments is raised in abundance on the Susquehanna and its branches, and can be transported to York Haven at a trifling cost, by means of the river or the great Pennsylvania canal, which passes down on the opposite side. To persons disposed to erect establishments requiring water power, (which is furnished in abundance, at all seasons of the year, by means of a very capacious canal with locks, about a mile long, and belonging to the establishment,) the proprietors would lease or sell Lots and Rights upon moderate terms. Also, Lots for Dwellings, Warehouses, &c.

They will also rent, for one or more years, a GRIST MILL, capable of turning out one hundred and seventy-five barrels of flour a day. This mill has recently undergone a thorough repair, and is now in perfect order for merchant work, having all the machinery requisite for that purpose. It is also calculated for country work, at which an extensive business may be done, as the mill is situated in a thickly settled part of the country, and not liable to be disturbed by ice in the winter season.

ALSO FOR RENT, a large and commodious Three Story Stone TAVERN HOUSE, containing twenty five apartments; to which is attached a FERRY across the Susquehanna, with the necessary flats, skiffs, &c.

A turnpike road is about to be made from the Harrisburgh Bridge to York Haven, and will probably be completed the ensuing season, which will open a free communication with the fertile valleys of Cumberland and Franklin counties, from whence large supplies of grain and other productions may be calculated upon, for carrying on business at this place; which, with the Codorus Navigation, now in progress, from York to the River, in addition to the facilities afforded by the River, the Canal and the Railroads, will offer inducements to men of capital and enterprise, not surpassed by any other situation in the United States.

Mechanics and others disposed to improve Lots, will be enabled to get them upon the most favorable terms. Application to be made to

GEORGE WINCHESTER, Esq.
Baltimore, or to
CHARLES M. POOR, *Agent*.
York Haven, December 7, 1830.—4t.

MANAGERS' OFFICE, PITTSBURGH.

UNION CANAL LOTTERY

OF PENNSYLVANIA,

CLASS No. 23, for 1830, to be drawn at Philadelphia, on SATURDAY, DECEMBER 18, 1830. YATES & M'INTYRE, Managers. Sixty Number Lottery—Nine Drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.

1	prize of	$20,000 is	$20,000
1		10,000	10,000
1		2,500	2,500
1		1,505	1,505
5		1,000	5,000
5		500	2,500
5		400	2,000
10		300	3,000
20		200	4,000
35		100	3,500
51		50	2,550
51		40	2,040
51		30	1,530
102		25	2,550
102		20	2,040
1479		10	14,790
11475		5	57,375
13395	prizes		$136,880
20825	blanks——34220	Tickets.	

Tickets $5 00—Halves $2 50—Quarters $1 25.

Orders from abroad, (post paid,) enclosing cash or prize tickets in former lotteries, will be promptly attended to.

The REGISTER, containing an official statement of the drawing, will be forwarded to each adventurer. Cash paid for prizes on presentation.

Apply to or address
GEORGE A. COOK,
Agent for Yates & M'Intyre, No. 68 Wood street.
December 7, 1830.

UNION CANAL LOTTERY

OF PENNSYLVANIA.

CLASS No. 23, for 1830, to be drawn in Philadelphia, on SATURDAY, DECEMBER 18, 1830. YATES & M'INTYRE, Managers.—Sixty Number Lottery—Nine Drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.

1	prize of	$20,000 is	$20,000
1		10,000	10,000
1		2,500	2,500
1		1,505	1,505
5		1,000	5,000
5		500	2,500
5		400	2,000
10		300	3,000
20		200	4,000
35		100	3,500
51		50	2,550
51		40	2,040
51		30	1,530
102		25	2,550
102		20	2,040
1479		10	14,790
11475		5	57,375
13395	prizes		$136,880
20825	blanks——34220	tickets.	

Whole Tickets $5, Halves $2 50, Quarters $1 25

Orders from abroad, (post paid) enclosing cash or prize tickets in former lotteries, will be promptly attended to.

A statement of the drawing will be forwarded to each adventurer. Cash paid for prizes on presentation. Apply to, or address.

DAVID GREER,
At the Lottery and Exchange Office, No. 114 Market street, corner of Liberty, Pittsburgh.

Where was sold, in Class 6, the Capital Prize of $25,000; in Class 7, the Capital Prize of $5,000, and in Class 10, the Capital Prize of $6,000.
December 7, 1830.

A CAUTION.—Whereas a Lecture on Infidelity was held at the Columbus Coffee House on Sunday evening last, the purport of which I was entirely unconscious of, this, therefore, is to give notice that such hereafter will not be permitted. A. BONVILLE.

☞The papers of this city will readily perceive the utility of copying the above. A. B.
December 7, 1830.

GLUE MANUFACTORY

THE SUBSCRIBER, Agent for the manufacturer, will always have on hand a large quantity of GLUE, of a very superior quality, manufactured on Herr's Island, near Pittsburgh. It is fully equal to Swiss Glue, and will be sold lower than it can be procured from the eastward. Merchants, Druggists, &c. will be supplied with any quantity, on advantageous terms.

B. A. FAHNESTOCK,
Corner of Sixth and Wood Streets.
Pittsburgh, November 23—wtf

AUCTION GOODS.

M. S. MASON & M'DONOUGH,
46 WOOD STREET,
Are now receiving a very extensive and choice assortment of

European, India, and American,
DRY GOODS,

EMBRACING every variety suited to the *Western Trade;* and having been selected with particular care, at the *New York and Philadelphia Auctions*, are offered at wholesale, for cash or approved paper, at a small advance.

Country merchants can always depend on being supplied with the latest style of Importations; and in consequence of one of our firm being now in *Europe*, we are enabled to *import* our *Foreign Goods* at much cheaper rates than usual, and most respectfully solicit an inspection of our stock.

M. S. MASON & M'DONOUGH.
September 3, 1830.

JOHNSTON & STOCKTON,
Booksellers, Printers,
Book-Binders and Paper Manufacturers.

No. 37, Market Street, Pittsburgh
March 14.—tf.

ROBERT G. ORMSBY & Co.
AUCTIONEERS,
Commission and Forwarding Merchants,
LOUISVILLE, Ky.
August 20, 1830.—1y.

OFFICE BANK UNITED STATES, }
Pittsburgh, Nov. 11, 1830. }

THE Discount Days at this Office, from the 6th of December next, will be Tuesday and Friday. Notes must be offered on Monday and Thursday. Nov. 16—tf.

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the estate of WILLIAM MITCHELL, (tailor,) late of the city of Pittsburgh, deceased, will call at the office of C. Darragh, No. 49 Fourth street, and make immediate payment. Those having claims against the estate will present them, properly authenticated. SAMUEL MITCHELL,
C. DARRAGH.
November 26—4t Administrators.

MANAGERS' OFFICE, PITTSBURGH.

DRAWING of the Union Canal Lottery, Class No. 21, for 1830:

48, 23, 45, 46, 24, 15, 12, 39, 18, 3.

Nos. 24, 45, 46, a Prize of 2000 Dollars, in a whole ticket, *was sent to Clarke & Cook, of Wheeling, Va.*
Nos. 3, 12, 18, a Prize of $1000,
Nos. 3, 12, 24, a Prize of $1000,
Were sold, in shares, to citizens of this place and correspondents abroad, by
GEORGE A. COOK,
Agent for Yates and M'Intyre, No. 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh. November 26, 1830.

FOR SALE,
A NUMBER of valuable BUILDING LOTS in the vicinity of this city, part of the estate of Dr. George Stevenson, late of Wilmington, (Del.) deceased. For terms apply to the subscribers.
W. M'KNIGHT,
HARMAR DENNY,
J. SNYDER,
Pittsburgh, Nov. 3, 1829—tf. *Executors.*

In the Court of Common Pleas of Allegh'y county, of April Term, 1829, No. 28.

Matilda M'Donald, by her next friend, *John Wilson*, vs. *James M'Donald.* } Subpœna for divorce *a vinculo matrimonii.* Returned N. E. I. on oath.

Wm. Caven, Sheriff.

July 4, 1829.—Alias subpœna issued, returnable to August Term, 1829.—Returned on oath, N. E. I.

A true extract from the record.
Attest, WM. M'CANDLESS, Pro.

IN pursuance of the acts of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania concerning divorces, you are hereby notified and required to appear at the next Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny county, to be held in the city of Pittsburgh, on the third Monday of January next, 1831; then and there to answer the above named petitioner's libel, and show cause, if any you have, why the said libellant should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony.

WM. CAVEN, Sheriff.

To JAMES M'DONALD, the above named defendant.
Pittsburgh, November 26, 1830—4t

DOCTOR ROBERT'S
☞*WELCH MEDICAMENTUM.*☜

FOR the cure of Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints, Jaundice, Cholic, Fever and Ague, Dysentery, Headach, Loss of Appetite, Flatulence, Hypochondria, Hysterics, Dropsical Complaints, and Heartburn. It also prevents all Bilious disorders, and removes habitual Costiveness, Asthma, Strangury, Gravel, Rheumatism, Gout, and Impurities of the Blood.

A person who uses this Medicamentum will not require the use of the lancet, or any means of the healing art. It restores and revives the animal spirits, invigorates the system, removes nervous tremors, obtunds rheumatic and anthritic pains, and prevents their return. It cleanses the stomach of all morbid humors, which cause indigestion, acidities, headach, and lowness of spirits; cures all bilious disorders, and all cholics of the stomach and bowels, almost immediately; inspires cheerfulness; gives comfort to the dropsical; takes away palpitation of the heart; gives circulation to the blood; restores bloom to the sallow or sickly cheek, and plumpness to the meagre habit; purges without pain, and banishes all cause of fever of every kind. It acts on the stomach, that great reservoir of the human system, a diseased state of which causes all diseases. No alteration in the usual habits of life is required, but the abstaining from distilled ardent spirits.

CERTIFICATE,
From Rev. Derick Lansing, D. D., Pastor of the Second Presbyterian Church in Utica.
UTICA, Jan. 6, 1830.

To Dr. Hitchcock.—Dear Sir: I have always been one of the number of those who have placed little confidence in *nostrums* or *specifics*, and for this reason, although I saw your advertisement of the Welch Medicamentum, I could not bring my mind to consent to use it. My sufferings, from indigestion, during the past summer, were so severe, as materially to affect my comfort, and my capacity for usefulness. I have reason to thank you, sir, that, on hearing of the state of my health, you kindly sent me your Medicamentum. I have taken it faithfully, and with entire success. I have not been visited with one of those turns of distress, which before were weekly periodical, since I began to take your valuable medicine. Could I receive the same relief which I have hitherto experienced, on condition of taking it for life, I should cheerfully comply with such condition. Your's, very truly, D. C. LANSING.

☞Sold by THOMPSON & MILLER, at their Drug Warehouse, No. 81 Wood street, Pittsburgh. Nov. 26—tf.

GEORGE A. COOK,
Agent for the Union Canal Lotteries of Penns'a,
No. 68 WOOD STREET,
PITTSBURGH.

BANK NOTES, of the different states of the Union, *EXCHANGED.* Tickets in Yates & M'Intyre's Lotteries, constantly for sale
Managers Office, Nov. 24, 1829.

To Baltimore and Philadelphia
TRAVELLERS.

THE LINE OF STAGES between Chambersburgh and Baltimore, on the Somerset and Mountpleasant route, has been doubled, and now runs DAILY, (Mondays excepted,) leaving Chambersburgh *at day-light* in the morning, and arriving in Baltimore, early the same evening.

Passengers reach Philadelphia, in this way, the second afternoon, from Chambersburgh, without the loss of any rest; taking the splendid STEAM BOAT LINES, which set out at 6 o'clock in the morning, [via CHESAPEAKE AND DELAWARE CANAL, a work well worth the trip to see.]

REESIDE, Owner.

In all cases where the passengers desire to reach Baltimore in time for the 5 o'clock steam-boat to Philadelphia, they can do so by leaving Chambersburgh at one o'clock in the morning, or immediately after the arrival of the Western Mail Stage. In this way, they arrive in Philadelphia, by eight o'clock the *second morning*, from Chambersburgh.

☞When a load offers, the stage will run on Mondays. April 23, 1830.—tf.

TO LET,
A DWELLING HOUSE with or without the Store room in front. And also, a large Store or Warehouse on St. Clair street.

JOS. PATTERSON.
Feb. 5th, 1830.—tf.

☞*PLOWMAN'S PRINTING INK.*

PLOWMAN'S Superior PRINTING INK, for fall use, in kegs containing 24 lbs., for sale by HOGAN & Co., Corner of Front and Market streets. Pittsburgh, Sept. 10.—tf.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

AS the season has arrived which renders those articles indispensable, the subscriber has furnished himself with the best materials for manufacturing BOOTS and SHOES, of every description, which may be had at his store, 134 Liberty street. He is manufacturing

Gentlemen's *Water Proof Boots*, which he will warrant of superior quality;
Ladies' Prunella Wellington Boots, foxed and plain;
do. Leather and Morocco do. do. do.
Misses' and Children's, of every description;
Men's and Boys' Coarse Boots;
French Edged Dancing Pumps, superior.

☞The above articles will be warranted of Pittsburgh manufacture, and of the best materials and workmanship. W. CLOSEY.
November 23, 1830.—tf.

SPLENDID ENGLISH SOUVENIRS!

JOHN I. KAY & CO., Booksellers, 95 Market street, have just received the following English Souvenirs:—

The Winter's Wreath, embellished with 13 superb engravings.

Ackermann's Forget Me Not, with 15 elegant engravings.

Juvenile Forget Me Not, with 11 engravings.

Also for sale as above, The Atlantic Souvenir, The Token, The Pearl, and the Memento.
November 23—tf.

EXCHANGE!

NEW ORLEANS and MOBILE PAPER received at this office at 5 per cent. discount.
GEORGE A COOK,
Lottery & Exchange Broker, No. 68 Wood street.
November 19, 1830.

MOROCCO.

THE subscriber, having commenced the manufacture of MOROCCO, has now for sale Morocco suitable for the following purposes:

Boots and Shoes, (Goat and Deer Skins.)
Boot and Shoe Linings, (Roans and Yellows.)
Coachmakers' do. (variety of colors.)
Hat Linings, do. do.
Bookbinders, do. do.
Trunkmakers, do. do.
Saddlers, do. do.
Striped Bindings.

☞The above articles will be sold at eastern prices. Having in connexion Mr. George Pierce, an experienced workman, the quality and colors will be warranted. Dealers in the article will find the prices reasonable.

JOHN CALDWELL,
Corner of Third street and Redoubt Alley.
Pittsburgh, Feb. 9—tf

LOTS
In the Northern Liberties of Pittsburgh.

FOR sale, upon accommodating terms, a number of valuable LOTS fronting on *Penn* and *Liberty* streets, in the *Northern Liberties of Pittsburgh.* These lots are upon the great thoroughfare to Philadelphia, and in the vicinity of the *Cotton Factories, Iron Works*, and other manufacturing establishments. A plan may be seen at the office of D. S. Scully, Esq. in the Diamond.

For terms apply to
HARMAR DENNY.
March 24, 1829—tf.

C. DARRAGH,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.—Office, No. 49, Fourth street, between Market and Wood streets, one door west of the United States Bank.
March 16—tf

RICHARD FLINT

WILL make to order various descriptions of PRESSES: *Fine Brass, Steel, and Iron Machinery; Door Plates; Percussion Cane Guns*, on an improved plan, &c. &c. at No. 64 Second street. Pittsburgh, March 2—tf.

JOHN JULIUS

RESPECTFULLY informs the public, that having formed a Company of Violin Players, and having received a sett of New Cotillions, from France, with new figures, for the express purpose of accommodating the lovers of dancing, he will be ready at any time, with his company, to wait upon those gentlemen who may be disposed to favor him with their patronage.

Persons wishing to try the new company will find John Julius at his establishment, No. 23 Market street. Fittsburgh Oct. 8.

THOMPSON & MILLER,
Wholesale Druggists,

HAVE just received, at their Warehouse *No. 81, Wood-street, Pittsburgh*, extensive additional supplies of

DRUGS,
DYE-STUFFS, &c. &c.

Having recently purchased the above articles in the Eastern Markets, at reduced prices, they offer them low. Sept. 8, 1829.—wtf.

THOMAS ANDERSON & CO.
Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,
LOUISVILLE, Ky.

Refer to M'KEE, CLARKE & Co. }
JAS. ADAMS, Jr. & Co. } Pittsburgh.
HAMILTON STEWART, }

STORAGE & FORWARDING.—Thomas Anderson & Co. have extensive warehouses, and are prepared to Receive and Forward Merchandise, in any direction required
May 14, 1830.—tf.

WHOLESALE
CHINA, GLASS
AND
EARTHEN WARE HOUSES.

THE subscribers offer a large and well selected stock, of all kinds and the latest patterns of goods in their line, imported direct from the English and French Potteries, by the way of New Orleans. They with confidence, therefore, invite all western merchants from the states of Virginia, Kentucky, Tennessee, Indiana, Illinois, and Missouri, who have been in the habit of getting their ware from the eastern cities, (over the mountains) to call and examine for themselves.

Their terms are, to pack to order at Philadelphia prices, with an addition of 1½ cents per pound carriage, cash.—Credit arrangements can be made from three to twelve months. From their experience in the trade, they feel competent and pledge themselves to do every thing in their power to give satisfaction. All ware packed at their establishments will be insured, with proper handling, to open sound, for one per cent.

THOMAS G. GAYLORD,
Pittsburgh, Pa.
H. H. GAYLORD & Co.
Wheeling, Va.
February 12, 1830.—tf

NEW EDITION
OF
Buck's Theological Dictionary.

THIS DAY is published, by JOHN I. KAY & Co., Booksellers, No. 95 Market street, Pittsburgh, a new and enlarged Edition of BUCK'S THEOLOGICAL DICTIONARY, with an appendix, containing a late account of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and of the Associated Methodists.—In one large volume, 8vo, new type and fine paper.

☞Booksellers, Merchants, and those taking up subscriptions, can be supplied with this book, by the hundred or dozen, on the cheapest terms.

N. B. Be careful to ask for *Kay's Improved Edition.* September 7.—tf.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.—The subscriber offers for sale that valuable and well known property, adjoining the town of Noblestown, and distant 12 miles from the city of Pittsburgh.

There are in this tract of land 500 acres, 175 of which are cleared, and under good cultivation. It contains a fine meadow, and an excellent Apple Orchard, besides valuable coal banks and never failing springs of good water. As a stock farm, it has but few equals.

There are erected on this property the following buildings, viz:—A *Steam Grist Mill*, with two pair of French Burrs, and one pair of country stones, together with all the appurtenances necessary for doing merchant work on a large scale; a *Saw Mill* in good working order, which is propelled by water power; *three Dwelling Houses*, and *two Barns*. The above farm is intersected by good roads for transporting produce to a market either on the Ohio river or at Pittsburgh, and is in a wealthy neighborhood.

If this property be not sold together, it will be divided to suit purchasers. For further particulars apply to the subscriber living in Pittsburgh.

SCUDDER HART.
Aug. 7, 1820.—tf.

Bakewell, Page, & Bakewells,
FLINT GLASS MANUFACTURERS,
Have for sale, an assortment of
Astral or Sinumbral LAMPS,
ON PEDESTALS AND FOR SUSPENSION.
ALSO,
Tuscan, Vase, Mantel & Chamber Lamps,

WHICH, in addition to their usual stock of *PLAIN AND CUT FLINT GLASS*, Patent Moulded, Plain and Cut *Bureau Mountings, &c. &c.* will be disposed of on the lowest terms. Pittsburgh, Nov. 23—tf.

LOOK HERE.

A NUMBER OF LOTS FOR SALE, in the Borough of the Northern Liberties, adjoining Doctor Shoenberger's Iron Works; among which are, the first and best seat for a manufactory on the river bank, in the vicinity of the city.—For terms, (which will be low,) call on

THOMAS TAYLOR.
Market Street, Pittsburgh.
February 12.—1y.

The American Fire Insurance Co.
OF PHILADELPHIA,

DAILY make Insurance against loss or damage by FIRE, on Houses & Merchandise, Job Bacon, Secretary, No. 101 Chesnut street, Philadelphia. GEO. COCHRAN, Ag't,
Sept. 25—tf *No. 26 Wood street, Pittsburgh.*

FOR SALE,

A FLAG QUARRY, together with a FARM, containing 80 acres of good land, situated on the Allegheny river, ten miles above Pittsburgh.—The flags are of the best quality, and suitable for paving, such as are now used for that purpose in this city. It is the only quarry of the kind in this part of the country. Apply to

HENRY HOLDSHIP.
October 12, 1830.—tf

A. H. HOGE.
Hardware Merchant,

No. 130 Liberty Street, (M'Donald's Square,)

HAS just received an additional supply of FOREIGN and DOMESTIC HARDWARE, to which he would call the attention of country merchants, mechanics, and others.
Pittsburgh, Nov. 9, 1830—2mo.

CHARLES L. VOLZ,
WOOD STREET,

OFFERS for sale, PIANO FORTES of the best makers in the U. States; Violins, Violoncellos, Clarionetts, Flutes, Bassoons, Horns, Bugles, Fifes, Guitars; Violin strings, Music for the Piano Forte and other Instruments; together with a variety of other articles in the musical line

Also, German Goods;

Among which the following are the most prominent: Looking Glasses and Plates, Slates and Pencils, Tapes and Bobbins, Spectacles, Calico and Glazed Paper, Clarified Quills, Oil Cloth, Coffee-Mills, Fancy Soap, Antique Oil, Cologne Water; a variety of Beads and Necklaces Turkey red Cotton, Snuff-boxes, Combs, Fancy Baskets, Bootwebbing and Cord, Pocket-books, Crayons, Toothbrushes, Hat-buckles and Bands, Gold and Silver-Lace, Chessmen, Watch-crystals, Spring Lancets and Cupping Instruments, Marbles, Flints, Percussion Pistols and Caps, Iron Compasses, Socket-Shovels, Straw-Knives, Scythes and Whetstones, Iron Lamps, Halbach's Steel; also, Polish Starch, Glaziers' Diamonds, and Jewellery; with many other articles of which a regular supply will be kept, at *reduced* prices.

Country Merchants and Dealers in Merchandise generally, are respectfully invited to call and judge for themselves.
December 25, 1829.—1yF

Allegheny Out Lots.

FOR SALE, Five Acres of Land, adjoining the land of the Rev. John H. Hopkins, and about one mile from the Allegheny Bridge. The ground is handsomely situated, and is a very eligible situation for a residence. It will be divided, if required. For terms, inquire of JOHN E. PARK, or JOHN HANNEN, Esq.
March 5.—tf.

LAMBDIN'S MUSEUM,

AND GALLERY OF THE FINE ARTS.

IS open for public exhibition every day, from 6 A. M. till 10, P. M. at the s. w. CORNER OF MARKET AND FOURTH STREETS. This collection contains, in the highest state of preservation, in part, 30 *Quadrupeds*, amongst which are the *Cougar*, or American Brown Tiger; 7 *Species of the Monkey, &c.*; 300 *Foreign and American Birds*, including the *Great Bird of Paradise*; the *Emu*, from South America, 5½ feet high; *Toucan; two living White Crows, &c. &c.*

A Large Collection of Marine Shells; Plants; Corals; Madrepores, &c.; Minerals; Fossils; Indian Dresses, Decorations, &c.; Implements of War and Husbandry, from the South Sea Islands; Curious Works of Art, &c. &c.

The *Gallery of Paintings* contains nearly one hundred specimens of the Works of Old and Modern Masters: with a Collection of nearly 1200 *Coins and Medals.* The whole arranged with a taste not surpassed by any similar institution in the country. *Exhibition of* PHANTASMAGORIA *every evening, at half past eight o'clock.*

Admittance 25 cents—Children 12½ cents.
May 7, 1830.—tf

James Adams Jr. & Co.
GROCERS,

MARKET, BETWEEN FRONT AND WATER STREETS.

HAVING taken that large and commodious Ware-House formerly occupied by *Ekin & Ledlie*, respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they are just receiving and now offer for sale a choice selection of Groceries consisting of

Prime Green and Java COFFEE,
Y. Hyson, Imp'l. and Gunpowder TEA,
Pepper, Allspice, Cloves and Nutmegs,
Loaf and Lump SUGAR,
Benegal and Carracas Indigo,
Madder, Ginger, Rice &c.
Box Raisins, Figs, &c.
Warranted Genuine Havana SEGARS,
Flint's, Cabamas' & Dosamygos',
Madeira, Port, Lisbon, Teneriffe and Malaga WINES,
Brandy, H. Gin, Jamaica Spirits &c.
A few Gallons choice old champaigne Brandy of 1802.

All of which they will sell low for Cash or acceptances, either

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

Having made arrangements for a constant supply, they respectfully solicit Country Merchants and others to favor them with a call.
April 3, 1830—tf.

THE PROTECTION
INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT, was incorporated by the Legislature of that State in 1825, with a capital of 150,000 dollars, and the privilege of increasing the same to 500,000 dollars, should the business of the company require it.

They will take risks on all Stone, Brick, or Frame Buildings, together with the Goods, Wares, Merchandise, Furniture, and Machinery contained in them. Also, on all Steam, Keel, or Flat Boats, that navigate the western waters, and their Cargoes. WM. W. ELSWORTH, *Pres't.*
THOMAS C. PERKINS, *Secretary*—Hartford, Conn.

Having been appointed Surveyor for the above office for this city and vicinity, I am ready to make surveys of any of the above risks, and forward them to the agency at Cincinnati, where the policies will be executed. Apply to

CHARLES PLUMB,
At H. Holdship & Son's Bookstore, Wood-street.
April 2, 1830.—1y

HARDWARE.

S. FAHNESTOCK, corner of Wood and Fifth streets, Pittsburgh, is now receiving extensive supplies of every description of Hardware, embracing all the various articles belonging to his line of business, to which he respectfully invites the attention Country Merchants, Saddlers, and the public generally, to whom his terms will be liberal. Sept. 21.—tf.

ALMANACS FOR 1831

THE WESTERN FARMER'S, (Common and Magazine,) THE GERMAN, and GERMAN ENGLISH, ALMANACS for 1831; being the only calculation by the Rev. John Taylor. Just published, and for sale, by the gross, dozen, or single, by HENRY HOLDSHIP & SON.

☞Five and a half cents per pound will be given for clean *COTTON and LINEN RAGS.*
September 3.—3m. H. H. & S.

PRINTING INK.

JUST received from the Manufactory of *Johnson & Son*, a fresh supply of Book and News Ink, for winter and spring use, in kegs from 13 to 25 pounds.

H. HOLDSHIP & SON.
January 1, 1830.—tf

WHOLESALE HARDWARE STORE.

S. FAHNESTOCK,

CORNER OF FIFTH & WOOD ST'TS, has just received, and is now opening, a large and extensive assortment of HARDWARE, consisting of all the variety of articles in demand. Merchants and Saddlers are particularly requested to call and examine. Feb. 16, 1830—tf.

PITTSBURGH & PHILADELPHIA
CLOTHING STORE.

GEORGE C. MORGAN

HAS REMOVED to No. 102, Wood street, and has furnished his Fashionable Clothing Store with a supply of articles in his line, suitable for the present and approaching seasons, and conforming in style and fashion, to the last eastern patterns. His stock comprises the greatest variety, and has been selected with much care as to the quality of the goods.

☞Cloths, Vestings, Trimmings, and Fancy Articles, will be disposed of on the most reasonable terms.

☞Work made to order, on the shortest notice.
Sept. 25.—tf.

ROSS WILKINS, ATTORNEY AT LAW.—Office No. 27 Fourth street, third door below Doctor Gazzam, and west of Market street.
April 30, 1830—tf.

150 BBLS. No. 1 Mackerel;
100 do. No. 2 do.
100 barrels No. 3 do.
100 hhds. N. O. Sugar;
75 bbls. Molasses;
25 kegs Nos. 1, 2 and 3 Shot;
10 tons Jun. Hammered Iron;
FOR SALE BY JAMES ADAMS, Jr. & Co.
May 18, 1830—tf.

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the estate of GEORGE EVANS, late of the city of Pittsburgh, deceased, are requested to make payment without delay; and all persons having claims against the estate are requested to present them duly authenticated for settlement, to either of the subscribers.

JOHN M'FADEN, Executor.
SARAH EVANS, Executrix.
October 8.—tf.

CALEB LEE, DRAPER AND TAILOR, *Market Street, between Fourth and the Diamond*, has just received from Philadelphia, an extensive assortment of new and fashionable
Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, &c.
and can furnish gentlemen with coats or full suits, at the shortest notice, and on the most accommodating terms.

☞He procured, during his recent visit to Philadelphia, the latest LONDON FASHIONS.
Pittsburgh, April 6, 1830—tf.

Pittsburgh Starch Manufactory.

STARCH manufactured at the above establishment, may be had at the store of George Kirkpatrick, No. 8 Diamond Alley, or at either of the following stores—James Park & Co.; Tassey & Church; I. R. Smith & Co.; J. D. Davis, or Gabriel Adams. ALEX. FERGUSON,
June 18.—tf. GEO. KIRKPATRICK.

ROGERS' SUPERIOR ORANGE GUNPOWDER.—150 kegs just received on consignment, and for sale by JAMES ADAMS, Jr. & Co. No. 8 Market street. May 18—tf.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,
THAT the Charter of the Pittsburgh Manufacturing Association being about to expire, it is intended to close its affairs as soon as possible. All persons indebted to the Institution are required to make immediate payment to George Cochran of Rd. Agent of the Association, and all persons having claims against it, are requested to present the same for settlement.

B. BAKEWELL,
THOMAS HAZLETON,
WM. PORTER,
THOMAS FAIRMAN,
JOHN SPEAR.
Com'tee for closing the Affairs of the Association
Pittsburgh, Feb. 9, 1830.—tf.

DAVY'S CONSOLATIONS.

JUST published, and for sale, by Hogan & Co., Corner of Front and Market streets, CONSOLATIONS IN TRAVEL: or the Last Day's of a Philosopher; by Sir *Humphrey Davy*, Bart. late President of the Royal Society. With a sketch of the Author's Life, and Notes, by Jacob Green, M. D. Professor of Chemistry in Jefferson Medical College. Sept. 21.—tf.

PITTSBURGH
Monitorial High School,
SMITHFIELD STREET.

THE Ensuing Quarter will commence on the 12th of the present month. (July, 1830.) when the various branches of Orthography, Reading, Writing, Grammar, Geography, Arithmetic, Algebra, Mensuration, Surveying, Navigation, Book-Keeping, and Composition, will be taught by the subscriber, on the following terms.

Junior Class, at Four dollars per quarter.
Senior Class, at Five dollars per quarter.

THOS. MAYLIN.

☞References are kindly permitted to be made to the following gentlemen, who, amongst others, have honored him with their confidence in placing their children under his care:—Messrs. George Anshutz, Thomas Dickson, Martin Rahm, M. M. Murray, Webb Closey, J. Harmon, S. Cuthbert; or Benjamin Bakewell, John Snyder, Richard Bowen, John Towne.
Pittsburgh, July 16—tf

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN: That the Notes, Book Accounts, and all other property of Robert Patterson and J. H. Lambdin, late Stationers and Paper Manufacturers, trading under the firm of R. Patterson & Lambdin, have been assigned to the subscribers this day, for the benefit of creditors.

HENRY HOLDSHIP,
C. ANSHUTZ,
MARTIN RAHM.
Pittsburgh, Sept. 22, 1823—tf

NEW LINE.

DAVID LEECH'S LINE of CANAL BOATS.

THE subscriber having fitted up several new Boats, for the reception of Freight and the accommodation of Passengers, has established a Line to run regularly between PITTSBURGH AND BLAIRSVILLE.

One of the Line Boats will start from Pittsburgh, on every *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 5 o'clock, P. M. and run through to Blairsville, (73 miles,) in 30 hours.

A Boat of this line will also leave Blairsville at the same time, and arrive in regular succession at Pittsburgh and Blairsville, (their respective places of destination,) on every *Wednesday, Friday*, and *Sunday*, at 7 A. M.

Freight, entrusted to this Line, will receive the utmost care and diligence; and every convenience and accommodation will be extended to Passengers.

☞Freight (whole distance) 20 *cents per cwt*
☞Passengers 2 *cents per mile.*

For Freight or Passage, Apply to the respective Captains on Board, or to *Wm. Robinson, Jr.* Allegheny-town; to *Mark Graham*, at Blairsville, or to the subscriber at Leechburgh. D. LEECH.
October 30—tf.

LITERARY NOTICE.

TO MY PATRONS AND THE PUBLIC.

HAVING been appointed *Deputy Surveyor*, in and for the District composed of the county of Allegheny, I deem it necessary to announce, that my SEMINARY for young *Ladies and Gentlemen*, will be continued as usual, at my residence, No. 84 Fourth street, a few doors from Doctor Dawson's Chemical Warehouse, that the school will be principally conducted and superintended by me, and also that, when called on business, it will be conducted by my Assistant, who must be an able and judicious Instructer. In the Institution will be taught the following branches, which constitute a liberal and scientific education, viz: Penmanship, English Grammar, Geography, with its application to Astronomy, Mapping, &c. and Mercantile transactions in general, together with the Mathematics.

In relation to the course of instruction, particular attention will be paid to the most essential department of education, not only in teaching the most concise and approved methods of Arithmetical Calculation, and of arranging and keeping accounts in trade and commerce, but also in explaining these methods, that the pupil may know how to proceed by reason as well as by rule; for without this, no permanent benefits can be derived.

Having recently purchased a handsome pair of Globes, students will derive a peculiar advantage, in acquiring a *sound* knowledge of Geography, Practical Astronomy, and the use of the Globes. Students at the study of *Surveying*, will also have an excellent opportunity afforded them, in acquiring a radical knowlege of the Theory and Practice of that invaluable ART.

For terms, which will be moderate, apply at the school-room. JNO. M'NEVIN.
June 1.—tf.

☞Stage Drivers Wanted.

I WISH TO HIRE SIX PERSONS TO DRIVE STAGE.

NONE need apply but those who can come well recommended for good horse-masters and first rate reinsmen. For such I will pay from $10 to $18 per month. Apply to

GEO. A. DOHRMAN,
April 27—tf. Steubenville, Ohio.

FORT PITT GLASS WORKS.—The subscribers respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they have the above works in their hands, and will continue the Manufactory of

FLINT GLASS, CUT AND PLAIN,

Of various descriptions and patterns; and have appointed L. & P. PETERSON, (corner of Market and Front Streets,) Agents to dispose of the same—where a general assortment will always be kept on hand. Merchants and others will be furnished on accommodating terms.

All orders left with our agents will be thankfully received and promptly executed.

E. B. CURLING & SONS.
September 18 1829.—tf.